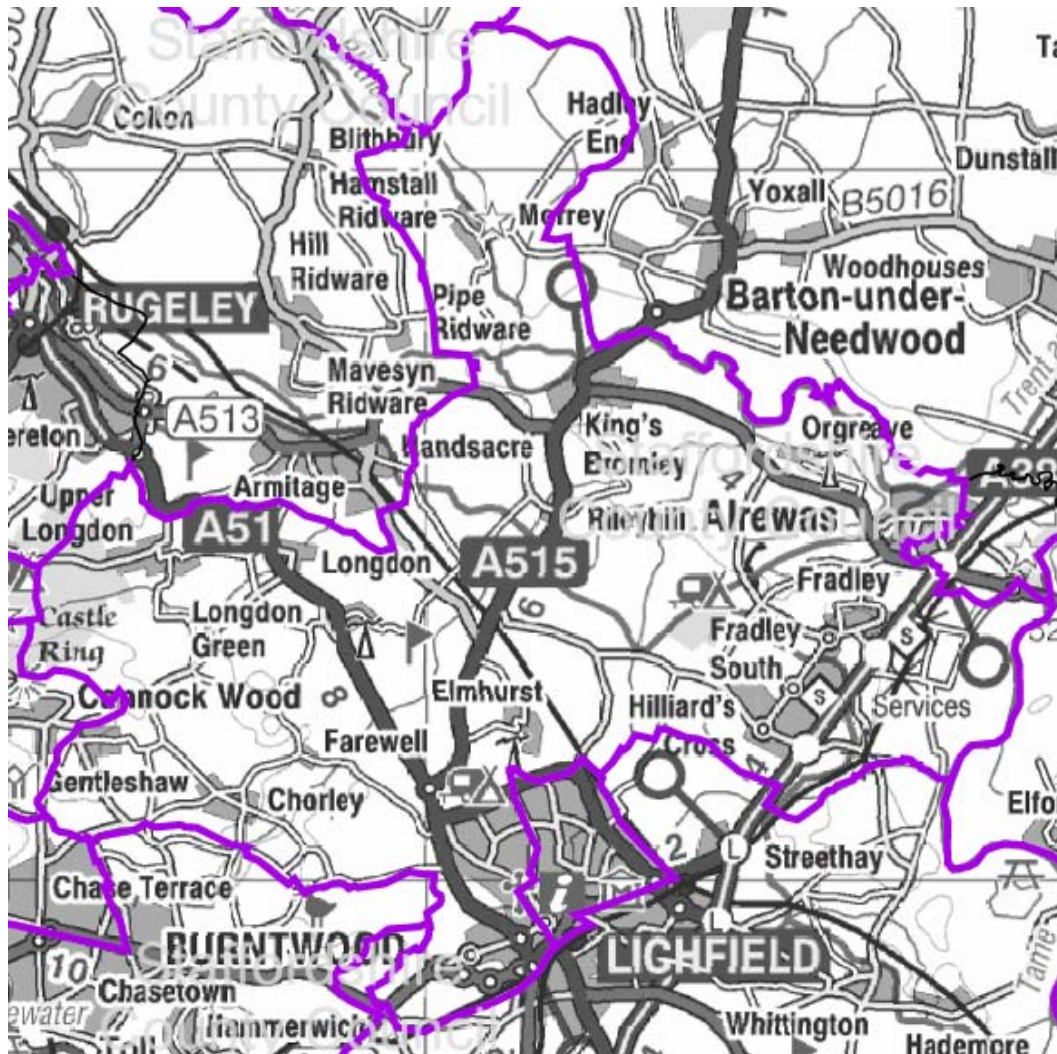


# Community and Learning Partnerships

Data Profile  
Lichfield L4



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Produced by Educational Research & Analysis  
School Improvement Division  
Staffordshire County Council

**Staffordshire**  
County Council

# 2001 Census - Social Profile

## The Friary CLP

Population	Count	Percent	Index
Resident Population	14129		
Males	6839	48.4%	99
Females	7290	51.6%	101
People living in Households	13892	98.3%	100
People Living in Communal Establishment	239	1.7%	93

Age Profile	Count	Percent	Index
0-4	826	5.8%	98
5-14	1767	12.5%	97
15	174	1.2%	97
16-19	592	4.2%	85
20-29	1290	9.1%	72
30-44	2940	20.8%	92
45-59	3160	22.4%	118
60-74	2277	16.1%	122
75-84	787	5.6%	99
85+	316	2.2%	115

Households	Count	Percent	Index
Total Household Spaces	6150		
Occupied Household Spaces	5835	94.9%	99
Vacant Household Spaces	293	4.8%	150
Second Residences	22	0.4%	56
Average household size	2.38		101
All Single Person Households	1504	25.8%	86
All lone pensioner households	844	14.5%	98
All pensioner households	1470	25.2%	106
Single Parent Households with dependent children	329	5.6%	88
Single Parent Households with non-dependent children	155	2.7%	87
All households with dependent children	1695	29.0%	99
Households with no employed adult and dependent children	226	3.9%	80
All households with 1 or more persons with Limiting Long-term Illness	1833	31.4%	94

Health and Caring	Count	Percent	Index
People not in good health	1074	7.6%	84
People with a Limiting Long-term Illness	2469	17.5%	97
People of working age with Limiting Long-term Illness	962	6.8%	83
People who provide unpaid care	1532	10.8%	109
People who provide more than 50 hours of unpaid care	269	1.9%	94

Amenity	Count	Percent	Index
Overcrowded households	215	3.7%	52
No central heating	283	4.9%	57
No WC and bath/shower	17	0.3%	60

Ethnic Group	Count	Percent	Index
White	13916	98.5%	108
Mixed	90	0.6%	49
Indian	35	0.2%	12
Pakistani	12	0.1%	6
Bagladeshi	14	0.1%	18
Other Asian	0	0.0%	0
Black	39	0.3%	12
Chinese	19	0.1%	30
Other Ethnic Groups	15	0.1%	24

Religion	Count	Percent	Index
Christian	11227	79.5%	111
Buddhist	6	0.0%	15
Hindu	9	0.1%	6
Jewish	23	0.2%	31
Muslim	33	0.2%	8
Sikh	18	0.1%	19
Other Religion	22	0.2%	53
No Religion	1813	12.8%	88
Religion not Stated	989	7.0%	91

Dwelling Type	Count	Percent	Index
Detached	2589	42.1%	180
Semi-detached	1686	27.4%	83
Terraced	921	15.0%	56
Purpose built flat	784	12.7%	88
Flat in converted / shared house	108	1.8%	37
Flat in commercial building	53	0.9%	72
Caravan/Mobile home/Temporary	14	0.2%	52

Tenure	Count	Percent	Index
Owner Occupied	4299	73.7%	108
Shared Ownership	41	0.7%	107
Local Authority rented	123	2.1%	16
Housing Association / Registered Social Landlord	880	15.1%	249
Privately rented	318	5.4%	62
Other rented	170	2.9%	91

Car Ownership	Count	Percent	Index
Households with no car	1005	17.2%	64
Households with 1 car	2253	38.6%	88
Households with 2 cars	1959	33.6%	142
Households with 3 or more cars	618	10.6%	179
Total number of cars in the area	8268		
Average no of cars per household	1.42		128

As a result of rounding some figures may not always equal the total for this area.

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Source: 2001 Census Key Statistics

An Index has been created to compare the above area with England. The scores for England always equals 100, therefore a score of less than 100 indicates fewer people or households in that category for the area compared with England. A score over 100 indicates more people or households in that category for the area compared with England.

Produced by Research Unit, Development Services Department, Staffordshire County Council

Further details available by telephoning 01785 277359 or email mark.sproston@staffordshire.gov.uk

# 2001 Census - Economic Profile

## The Friary CLP

Population <sup>1</sup>	Count	Percent	Index
All people aged 16-74	10259		
All males aged 16-74	5039	49.1%	100
All females aged 16-74	5222	50.9%	100
All people in employment	6704	65.3%	103
All males in employment	3661	72.7%	105
All females in employment	3050	58.4%	102

Economic Activity <sup>1</sup>	Count	Percent	Index
All people economically active	6986	68.1%	102
All people economically inactive	3273	31.9%	96

### All People Economically Active

Employees - Full-time	4076	58.3%	96
Employees - Part-time	1339	19.2%	109
Self Employed	1132	16.2%	130
Unemployed	263	3.8%	75
Full-time Student	176	2.5%	65

### All People Economically Inactive

Retired	1682	51.4%	126
Full-time student	316	9.7%	68
Looking after family or home	680	20.8%	106
Permanently sick or disabled	383	11.7%	73
Other	212	6.5%	69

### Industry of Employment <sup>2</sup>

Industry of Employment <sup>2</sup>	Count	Percent	Index
Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	163	2.4%	165
Mining and Quarrying	9	0.1%	54
Manufacturing	1177	17.6%	118
Electricity, gas and water supply	52	0.8%	109
Construction	441	6.6%	97
Wholesale and Retail trade	1094	16.3%	97
Hotels and Catering	324	4.8%	102
Transport, storage and communication	338	5.0%	71
Financial, Real Estate and Business Activity	1132	16.9%	94
Public Administration and Defence	323	4.8%	85
Education	696	10.4%	134
Health and Social Work	645	9.6%	90
Other	310	4.6%	89

### Qualifications <sup>1</sup>

Qualifications <sup>1</sup>	Count	Percent	Index
No Qualifications	2648	25.8%	89
Level 1 Qualifications	1585	15.4%	93
Level 2 Qualifications	2067	20.1%	104
Level 3 Qualifications	694	6.8%	81
Level 4 or 5 Qualifications	2572	25.1%	126
Other Qualification / Level Unknown	693	6.8%	98

### Unemployed <sup>1</sup>

Unemployed <sup>1</sup>	Count	Percent	Index
All unemployed	263		
Aged 16-24	59	22.4%	87
Aged 50+	65	24.7%	133
Long-term Unemployed	73	27.8%	92

Occupation Groups <sup>2</sup>	Count	Percent	Index
Managers and Senior Officials	1467	21.9%	143
Professional	1006	15.0%	134
Assoc Professional and technical	839	12.5%	90
Administrative and Secretarial	775	11.6%	86
Skilled Trade	723	10.8%	93
Personal Services	361	5.4%	78
Sales and Customer Service	398	5.9%	78
Process, plant and machine operatives	470	7.0%	83
Elementary occupations	669	10.0%	85

### Socio-Economic Class <sup>1</sup>

Socio-Economic Class <sup>1</sup>	Count	Percent	Index
Large Employers and Higher Managerial	581	5.7%	162
Higher Professional	579	5.6%	110
Lower Managerial and Professional	2395	23.3%	125
Intermediate	773	7.5%	80
Small Employers and own account workers	876	8.5%	122
Lower Supervisory and Technical	623	6.1%	85
Semi-routine	1027	10.0%	86
Routine	800	7.8%	86
Never worked	137	1.3%	49
Long-term unemployed	73	0.7%	70
Full-time Student	482	4.7%	67
Not Classified	1914	18.7%	106

### Hours Worked (Week) <sup>2</sup>

Hours Worked (Week) <sup>2</sup>	Count	Percent	Index
Males part-time < 15 hours	127	3.5%	100
Males part-time 16-30 hours	244	6.7%	108
Males full-time 31-48 hours	2187	59.7%	90
Males full-time > 49 hours	1103	30.1%	124
Females part-time < 15 hours	522	17.1%	122
Females part-time 16-30 hours	875	28.7%	101
Females full-time 31-48 hours	1372	45.0%	89
Females full-time >49 hours	281	9.2%	133

### Travel to Work <sup>2</sup>

Travel to Work <sup>2</sup>	Count	Percent	Index
Work mainly from home	908	13.5%	148
Train, Light Rail, Tram, Metro, Underground	235	3.5%	47
Bus	127	1.9%	25
Motorcycle	30	0.4%	40
Car (as driver or passenger)	4706	70.2%	115
Taxi	15	0.2%	43
Bicycle	117	1.7%	62
Walk	552	8.2%	82
Other	21	0.3%	67

Note: 1 = People aged 16-74  
2 = People Aged 16-74 in employment

As a result of rounding some figures may not always equal the total for this area.

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Source: 2001 Census Key Statistics

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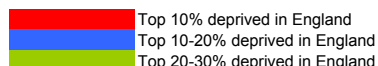
Produced by Research Unit, Development Services Department, Staffordshire County Council

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# Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2007

## Understanding this information

The colour shading highlights where the LSOA is in the top 10%, 20% or 30% most deprived areas in England for that measure of Deprivation.



The LSOAs are ranked here according to their overall multiple deprivation score: most deprived to least deprived. The national ranking (out of 32,482) is shown in the top table, where 1=most deprived and 32,482=least deprived. The bottom table replicates the information but putting the ranking into a percentage, so that it can be seen where the LSOA falls within the whole country. The deprivation domain titles have been abbreviated.

Ward Name	LOWERSOA	LOMD	Income	Employment	Health	Education	Housing	Crime	Living Environment
Chadsmead	E01029492	6827	4005	7084	8979	3062	23830	8128	20068
Leomansley	E01029510	19099	12129	22419	18589	28608	19949	11215	13056
Chadsmead	E01029491	19606	15396	16443	16993	20216	27801	16088	18855
Alrewas and Fradley	E01029479	24031	22980	25106	24707	24157	3992	24180	30955
King's Bromley	E01029509	24772	27261	26387	23567	27456	3576	23151	24185
Longdon	E01029515	25198	24872	26831	26677	28611	3327	30482	21768
Leomansley	E01029512	26211	21005	22912	26685	30452	18956	23621	15609
Leomansley	E01029511	30991	31302	24810	23724	27826	30446	26844	27157
Alrewas and Fradley	E01029477	31565	31781	29504	28023	30603	29128	21727	21355

Ward Name	LOWERSOA	LOMD	Income	Employment	Health	Education	Housing	Crime	Living Environment
Chadsmead	E01029492	21.0%	12.3%	21.8%	27.6%	9.4%	73.4%	25.0%	61.8%
Leomansley	E01029510	58.8%	37.3%	69.0%	57.2%	88.1%	61.4%	34.5%	40.2%
Chadsmead	E01029491	60.4%	47.4%	50.6%	52.3%	62.2%	85.6%	49.5%	58.0%
Alrewas and Fradley	E01029479	74.0%	70.7%	77.3%	76.1%	74.4%	12.3%	74.4%	95.3%
King's Bromley	E01029509	76.3%	83.9%	81.2%	72.6%	84.5%	11.0%	71.3%	74.5%
Longdon	E01029515	77.6%	76.6%	82.6%	82.1%	88.1%	10.2%	93.8%	67.0%
Leomansley	E01029512	80.7%	64.7%	70.5%	82.2%	93.8%	58.4%	72.7%	48.1%
Leomansley	E01029511	95.4%	96.4%	76.4%	73.0%	85.7%	93.7%	82.6%	83.6%
Alrewas and Fradley	E01029477	97.2%	97.8%	90.8%	86.3%	94.2%	89.7%	66.9%	65.7%

## Background to the Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2007

The English Indices of Deprivation 2007 (ID 2007) are the Government's official measure of multiple deprivation at small area level. The 2007 Indices update information provided in the IMD 2004.

The IMD 2007 provides a relative ranking of areas across England according to their level of deprivation.

The Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 (IMD 2007) is based on the small area geography known as Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs). LSOAs have between 1000 and 3000 people living in them with an average population of 1500 people. In most cases, these are smaller than wards, thus allowing the identification of small pockets of deprivation.

The IMD brings together 37 different indicators which cover specific aspects or dimensions of deprivation: Income, Employment, Health and Disability, Education, Skills and Training, Barriers to Housing and Services, Living Environment and Crime. These are weighted and combined to create the overall IMD 2007.

The majority of the data underpinning the IMD 2007 represents 2005 although some data covers a number of years, for example an average of 2003-2005.

This is taken from the Guidance for Using the English Indices of Deprivation 2007 produced by Communities and Local Government: <http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/communities/doc/615986>

## Foundation Stage Profile Attainment

The Foundation Stage Profile allocates a point score for each child in 13 areas of learning. The results below indicate the number and percentage of children who have achieved a score of 6 or above. This threshold has been chosen as it is the expected level of attainment as stipulated by the Department for Children, Schools and Families.

	National	County	District	2005		2006		2007		CLP -	CLP -	CLP -	Trend
	2007 (%)	2007 (%)		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	National	County	District	
Personal, social and emotional development													
Dispositions and attitudes	87.0%	90.9%	90.3%	156	95.7%	199	91.7%	176	89.8%	2.8%	-1.1%	-0.5%	Decline
Social development	80.0%	86.4%	85.0%	145	89.0%	190	87.6%	171	87.2%	7.2%	0.8%	2.2%	Decline
Emotional development	76.0%	84.4%	83.5%	152	93.3%	185	85.3%	171	87.2%	11.2%	2.8%	3.7%	
Communication, language and literacy													
Language for communication and thinking	78.0%	85.0%	85.3%	150	92.0%	192	88.5%	167	85.2%	7.2%	0.2%	-0.1%	Decline
Linking sounds and letters	65.0%	72.0%	74.6%	111	68.1%	156	71.9%	140	71.4%	6.4%	-0.6%	-3.2%	
Reading	69.0%	78.6%	79.9%	135	82.8%	169	77.9%	163	83.2%	14.2%	4.6%	3.3%	
Writing	58.0%	70.1%	71.8%	112	68.7%	161	74.2%	140	71.4%	13.4%	1.3%	-0.4%	
Mathematical development													
Calculating	87.0%	90.7%	91.3%	155	95.1%	199	91.7%	181	92.3%	5.3%	1.6%	1.0%	
Numbers as labels and for counting	70.0%	78.6%	79.6%	132	81.0%	174	80.2%	166	84.7%	14.7%	6.1%	5.1%	
Shapes, space and measures	80.0%	88.4%	87.6%	155	95.1%	185	85.3%	172	87.8%	7.8%	-0.6%	0.2%	
Knowledge and understanding of the world	77.0%	85.8%	86.6%	132	93.0%	193	88.9%	168	85.7%	8.7%	-0.1%	-0.9%	Decline
Physical development	88.0%	92.1%	92.3%	140	98.6%	199	91.7%	185	94.4%	6.4%	2.3%	2.1%	
Creative development	78.0%	84.7%	84.2%	132	93.0%	189	87.1%	166	84.7%	6.7%	0.0%	0.5%	Decline
78 points and 6 or above in PSE and CLL Scales	45.0%	57.5%	57.9%	84	51.5%	128	59.0%	122	62.2%	17.2%	4.7%	4.3%	Increase

## Key Stage One to Four Attainment

The National Curriculum for Key Stage One through to Key Stage Four runs through Year 1 to Year 11. The expected level of attainment for Key Stage One is Level 2B or above, Key Stage Two is Level 4 or above, Key Stage 3 is Level 5 or above and at Key Stage 4 the new level of expected attainment is 5+ A\*-C including GCSE English and Mathematics. The results below indicate the number and percentage of children who have achieved these thresholds. These thresholds have been chosen as it is the expected level of attainment as stipulated by the Department for Children, Schools and Families.

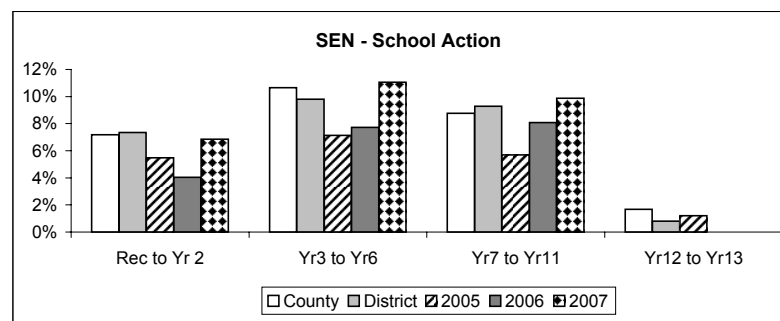
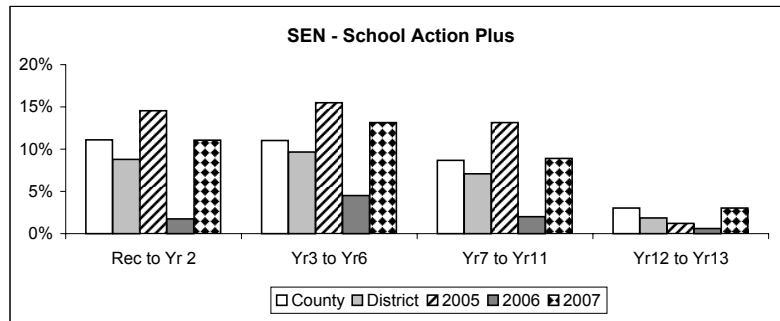
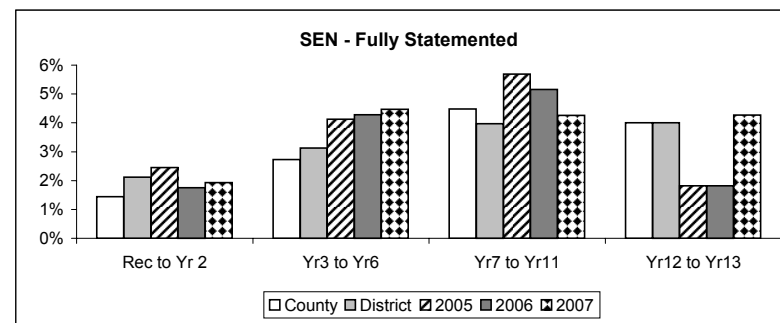
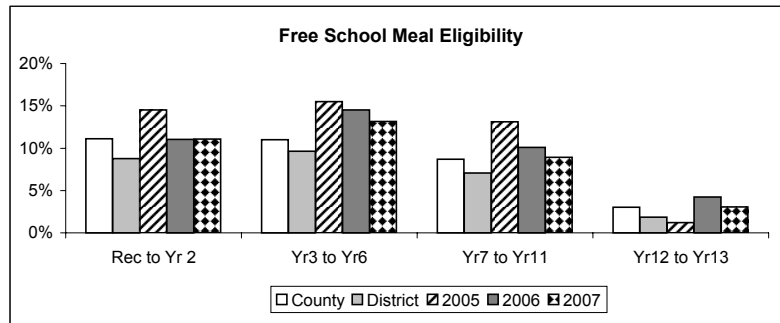
	National	County	District	2005		2006		2007		CLP -	CLP -	CLP -	Trend
	2007 (%)	2007 (%)		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	National	County	District	
KS1 Reading Level 2B+	71.0%	76.2%	74.9%	142	76.3%	158	77.5%	137	76.5%	5.5%	0.3%	1.6%	
KS1 Writing Level 2B+	59.0%	65.2%	62.8%	122	65.6%	145	71.1%	113	63.1%	4.1%	-2.1%	0.3%	
KS1 Mathematics Level 2B+	74.0%	78.1%	78.5%	148	79.6%	168	82.4%	146	81.6%	7.6%	3.5%	3.1%	
KS2 English Level 4+	80.0%	81.0%	82.0%	146	83.4%	183	82.8%	177	82.3%	2.3%	1.3%	0.3%	Decline
KS2 Mathematics Level 4+	77.0%	78.0%	80.7%	150	85.7%	173	77.6%	179	83.3%	6.3%	5.3%	2.6%	
KS2 Science Level 4+	88.0%	90.0%	89.9%	164	93.7%	188	84.3%	190	88.4%	0.4%	-1.6%	-1.5%	
KS3 English Level 5+	74.0%	77.0%	81.3%	160	82.5%	160	73.7%	165	80.5%	6.5%	3.5%	-0.8%	
KS3 Mathematics Level 5+	76.0%	78.0%	80.6%	160	82.5%	184	84.8%	160	78.0%	2.0%	0.0%	-2.6%	
KS3 Science Level 5+	73.0%	75.0%	77.7%	151	77.8%	162	75.0%	156	76.1%	3.1%	1.1%	-1.6%	
KS4 5 or more A*-C Grade	62.0%	60.0%	58.1%	88	56.4%	107	58.5%	117	60.0%	-2.0%	0.0%	1.9%	Increase
KS4 5 or more A*-C Grade including English & Maths	46.8%	45.8%	48.9%	73	46.8%	85	46.4%	94	48.2%	1.4%	2.4%	-0.7%	
KS4 5 or more A*-G Grade	91.7%	93.2%	94.0%	149	95.5%	178	97.3%	195	100.0%	8.3%	6.8%	6.0%	Increase
KS4 2 or more A*-C Grade in Science	50.3%	49.7%	50.9%	88	56.4%	107	58.5%	117	60.0%	9.7%	10.3%	9.1%	Increase

# Free School Meals and Special Educational Needs

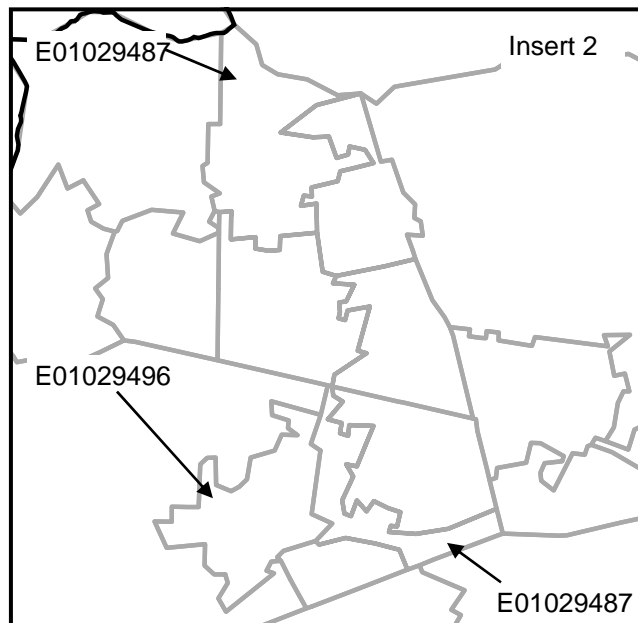
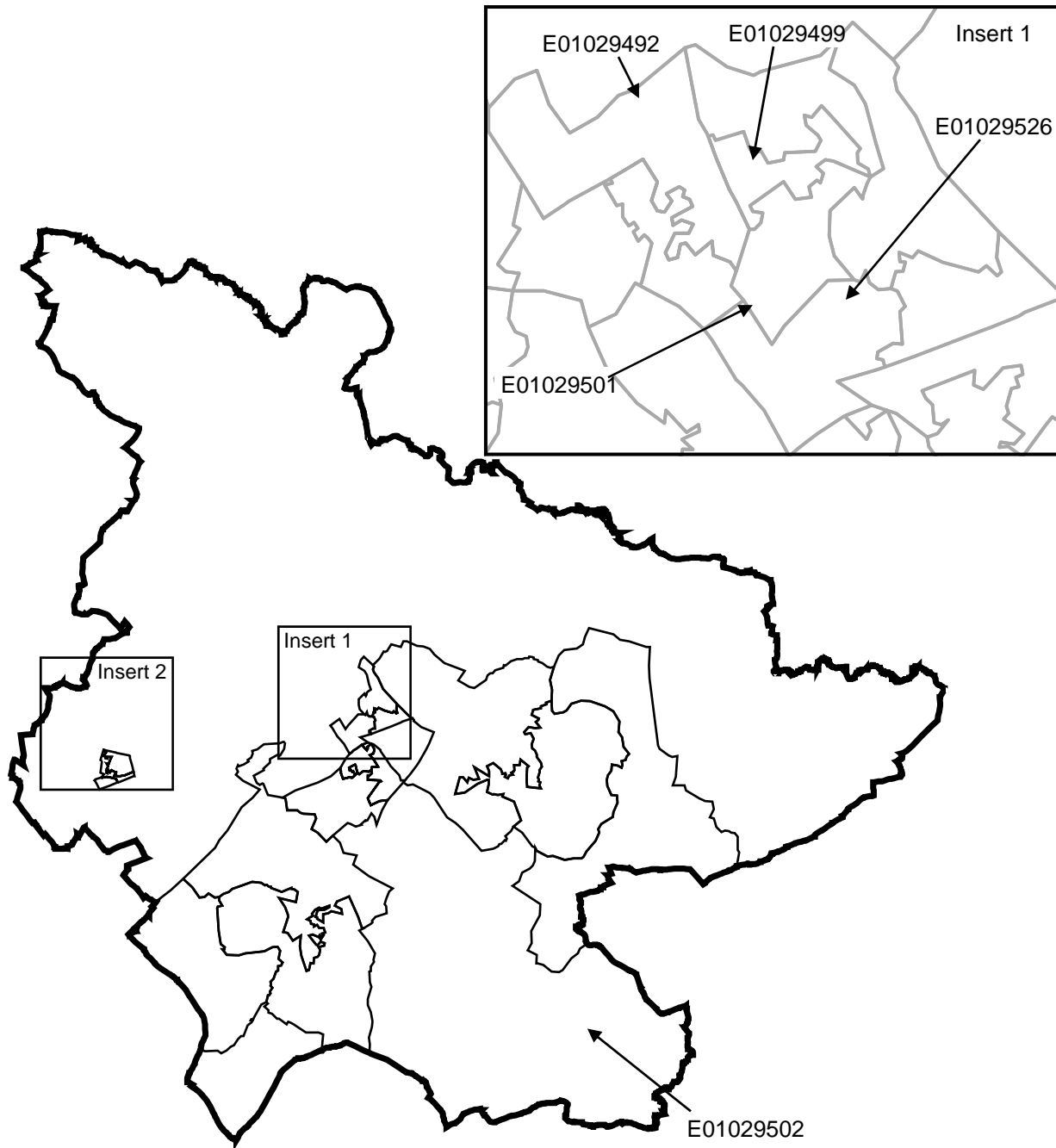
	County 2007 (%)	District 2007 (%)	2005		2006		2007		CLP - County 2007	CLP - District 2007	Trend 2005-07
			Number	%	Number	%	Number	%			
<b>Free School Meal Eligibility</b>											
Reception to Year 2	11.1%	8.8%	77	14.5%	63	11.0%	63	11.1%	0.0%	2.3%	
Year 3 to Year 6	11.0%	9.7%	124	15.5%	122	14.5%	112	13.2%	2.2%	3.5%	Decline
Year 7 to Year 11	8.7%	7.1%	127	13.1%	100	10.1%	92	8.9%	0.2%	1.8%	Decline
Year 12 to Year 13	3.0%	1.9%	2	1.2%	7	4.2%	5	3.0%	0.0%	1.2%	
<b>Special Educational Needs - Statemented</b>											
Reception to Year 2	1.4%	2.1%	13	2.5%	10	1.8%	11	1.9%	0.5%	-0.2%	
Year 3 to Year 6	2.7%	3.1%	33	4.1%	36	4.3%	38	4.5%	1.7%	1.3%	Increase
Year 7 to Year 11	4.5%	4.0%	55	5.7%	51	5.2%	44	4.3%	-0.2%	0.3%	Decline
Year 12 to Year 13	4.0%	4.0%	3	1.8%	3	1.8%	7	4.3%	0.3%	0.3%	
<b>Special Educational Needs - School Action Plus</b>											
Reception to Year 2	3.3%	1.9%	7	1.3%	10	1.8%	11	1.9%	-1.3%	0.0%	Increase
Year 3 to Year 6	5.1%	4.2%	26	3.3%	38	4.5%	29	3.4%	-1.7%	-0.8%	
Year 7 to Year 11	3.9%	3.6%	17	1.8%	20	2.0%	34	3.3%	-0.6%	-0.3%	Increase
Year 12 to Year 13	0.6%	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.6%	0	0.0%	-0.6%	0.0%	
<b>Special Educational Needs - School Action</b>											
Reception to Year 2	7.2%	7.3%	29	5.5%	23	4.0%	39	6.9%	-0.3%	-0.5%	
Year 3 to Year 6	10.7%	9.8%	57	7.1%	65	7.7%	94	11.0%	0.4%	1.2%	Increase
Year 7 to Year 11	8.8%	9.3%	55	5.7%	80	8.1%	102	9.9%	1.1%	0.6%	Increase
Year 12 to Year 13	1.7%	0.8%	2	1.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	-1.7%	-0.8%	

The key has been designed to try and help indicate areas of difference. In this section it has been agreed that a minus figure actually represents a reduction in need. The colour coding has been set at +/-5% for Free School Meals or Special Educational Need. Therefore if the Free School Meals is 5% below county it will be coloured green and if it is 5% above county it would be coloured red.

**Key**  
FSM 5% less than  
FSM 5% greater than



Lower Super Output Areas (LSOA) boundary in Lichfield District  
(Selected key LSOAs for deprivation labelled)



Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) are identified by a nine-digit code.

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Produced by the Research Unit, Development Services Directorate, Staffordshire County Council, 2008.

# The Staffordshire IMD 2007 Summary Card:

## Lichfield District

This card presents a summary of information from the 2007 update of the national Indices of Deprivation (IMD 2007). It is an attempt to summarise, on one piece of paper, information on deprivation in the area covered by Lichfield District. The key information covered here includes the overall multiple measure of deprivation, seven different domains (types) of deprivation and two indices focusing respectively on income deprivation affecting children and older people. Ten pieces of data for each of the fifty-seven Lower Super Output Areas in Lichfield District. Over five hundred bits of information on one piece of paper.

By its very nature this document presents an overview of all deprivation in Lichfield District in 2007. Further detail on deprivation in Lichfield District can be found in the complementary, more detailed district reports available from the Staffordshire Observatory website. Also available are the equivalent documents for the other seven districts in Staffordshire and a County document. For further details go to <http://www.staffordshirepartnership.org.uk/observatory/contact> Rosanne Cororan on 01785 276538 or email [Rosanne.cororan@staffordshire.gov.uk](mailto:Rosanne.cororan@staffordshire.gov.uk)

### Background to the IMD 2007

- x The English Indices of Deprivation 2007 (ID 2007) are the Government's official measure of multiple deprivation at small area level. The 2007 Indices update information provided in the IMD 2004.
- X The IMD 2007 provides a relative ranking of areas across England according to their level of deprivation.
- X The Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 (IMD 2007) is based on the small area geography known as Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs). LSOAs have between 1000 and 3000 people living in them with an average population of 1500 people. In most cases, these are smaller than wards, thus allowing the identification of small pockets of deprivation.
- X The IMD brings together 37 different indicators which cover specific aspects or dimensions of deprivation: Income, Employment, Health and Disability, Education, Skills and Training, Barriers to Housing and Services, Living Environment and Crime. These are weighted and combined to create the overall IMD 2007.
- X The majority of the data underpinning the IMD 2007 represents 2005 although some data covers a number of years, for example an average of 2003-2005.

This is taken from the Guidance for Using the English Indices of Deprivation 2007 produced by Communities and Local Government:  
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/communities/doc/615986>

### Understanding this information graphic

The dots which make up this graphic show the level of deprivation in a Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) compared to the whole of Staffordshire County. The basic rule is; more ink = higher deprivation.

- high level of deprivation
- 
- 
- low level of deprivation

The colour shading highlights where the LSOA is in the top 10% or 20% most deprived areas in England for that measure of deprivation.

- ...& in top 10% deprived in England
- ...& in top 10-20% deprived in England

The LSOAs are ranked here according to their overall, multiple deprivation score; most deprived to least deprived. The national ranking (out of 32,482) is shown in grey italics next to the symbol (where 1=most deprived and 32,482=least deprived). The deprivation domain titles have been abbreviated.

### What does this information graphic tell us about deprivation in Lichfield District?

Several general trends can be observed from this graphic of deprivation in Lichfield. Firstly, deprivation across all domains often, but by no means always, occurs in the same LSOAs. This is evident in the fact that the solid dots and coloured backgrounds cluster at the top of the list of LSOAs.

It is also evident that overall, deprivation around education and housing is relatively higher in Lichfield District than for other types of deprivation. There is one LSOA in Lichfield District which is in the 10% most deprived in England for Education, Skill and Training, (represented by this symbol: ●), and a further four within the 10% to 20% most deprived. There are also three LSOAs within the 10% most deprived in England for Barriers to Housing and Services. In contrast there are no other LSOAs in the top 10% deprived across all the other (eight) measures. Further, the domains of Income, Employment, Health and Disability, Crime and The Living Environment have very few, or no areas in Lichfield District which fall in the top 20% deprived in England.

ward name	LSOA code	multiple	IMD rank	income	employment	health	education	housing	crime	environment	children	older people
Chadsmead	E01029492	●	6,827	●	●	●	●	○	●	○	●	●
Curborough	E01029499	●	7,295	●	●	●	●	○	●	○	●	●
Chasetown	E01029496	●	8,253	●	●	●	●	○	●	○	●	●
Fazeley	E01029502	○	11,366	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	○
Boney Hay	E01029487	○	11,476	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	○
Summerfield	E01029527	○	11,752	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Stowe	E01029526	○	12,047	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Curborough	E01029501	○	12,454	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Fazeley	E01029504	○	14,114	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chasetown	E01029497	○	15,732	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Summerfield	E01029528	○	16,144	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Bourne Vale	E01029488	○	17,384	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029481	○	18,718	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Summerfield	E01029529	○	18,872	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Leomansley	E01029510	○	19,099	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Mease and Tame	E01029516	○	19,187	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Stowe	E01029524	○	19,271	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Fazeley	E01029503	○	19,331	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Hammerwich	E01029505	○	19,404	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029482	○	19,450	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Shenstone	E01029522	○	19,467	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chadsmead	E01029491	○	19,606	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chase Terrace	E01029494	○	19,927	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
St John's	E01029519	○	20,366	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Colton & Mavesyn Ridware	E01029498	○	20,460	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
All Saints	E01029476	○	21,404	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Curborough	E01029500	○	23,245	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029480	○	23,651	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Boley Park	E01029484	○	23,878	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Burntwood Central	E01029489	○	23,966	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Alrewas and Fradley	E01029479	○	24,031	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Alrewas and Fradley	E01029478	○	24,327	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Burntwood Central	E01029490	○	24,608	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Stowe	E01029525	○	24,745	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
King's Bromley	E01029509	○	24,772	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Whittington	E01029530	○	24,811	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Longdon	E01029515	○	25,198	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Highfield	E01029508	○	25,402	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Leomansley	E01029512	○	26,211	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Stonnall	E01029523	○	26,466	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chase Terrace	E01029495	○	26,520	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Hammerwich	E01029506	○	26,661	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chase Terrace	E01029493	○	26,987	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Boney Hay	E01029486	○	27,099	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Shenstone	E01029521	○	27,220	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Mease and Tame	E01029517	○	27,653	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
All Saints	E01029475	○	28,295	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Little Aston	E01029514	○	29,374	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
St John's	E01029518	○	29,550	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Little Aston	E01029513	○	29,839	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Whittington	E01029531	○	30,766	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Leomansley	E01029511	○	30,991	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Alrewas and Fradley	E01029477	○	31,565	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Highfield	E01029507	○	31,796	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Boley Park	E01029483	○	32,075	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Boley Park	E01029485	○	32,087	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
St John's	E01029520	○	32,345	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○

There are three LSOAs in the 20% most deprived in England for more than one domain. These areas are also the top three most deprived LSOAs in Lichfield District, based on the multiple score. Two of these LSOAs are located within wards in North Lichfield, and the third is within Chasetown ward. The LSOA within Chadsmead ward (the most deprived within Lichfield District) is the only area in Lichfield to fall in the 10% most deprived in England for education deprivation.

Two LSOAs are in the 20% most deprived areas in England for Income Deprivation Affecting both children and older people. These occur in Chadsmead ward and Curborough ward.

Three LSOAs located within Bourne Vale ward, Mease & Tame ward and Colton & Mavesyn Ridware ward fall into the most deprived 10% in England for the measure of housing deprivation, despite scoring fairly low for other measures of deprivation. All three of these LSOAs are located within rural wards. A further six LSOAs fall within the most deprived 20% in England for this domain, and each of these areas has no further domains within the top 20% deprived in England.

There is a cluster of LSOAs identified as experiencing high levels of deprivation across a number of domains in and around Lichfield city and also in the Burntwood area, in the south west of the district. The map on the back of this card shows the LSOA boundaries for Lichfield District and highlights some of the key LSOAs discussed here and shown in the graphic (left).

It is worth noting that some areas in Lichfield District are not in the most deprived in England but are amongst the most deprived in Staffordshire. Where this happens the symbol looks like this: ●

Interestingly, the opposite also holds true in some cases where areas are not amongst the most deprived in Staffordshire but are amongst the (20%) most deprived in England. Where this happens the symbol looks like this: ●

This demonstrates the value in using both county and national comparators.