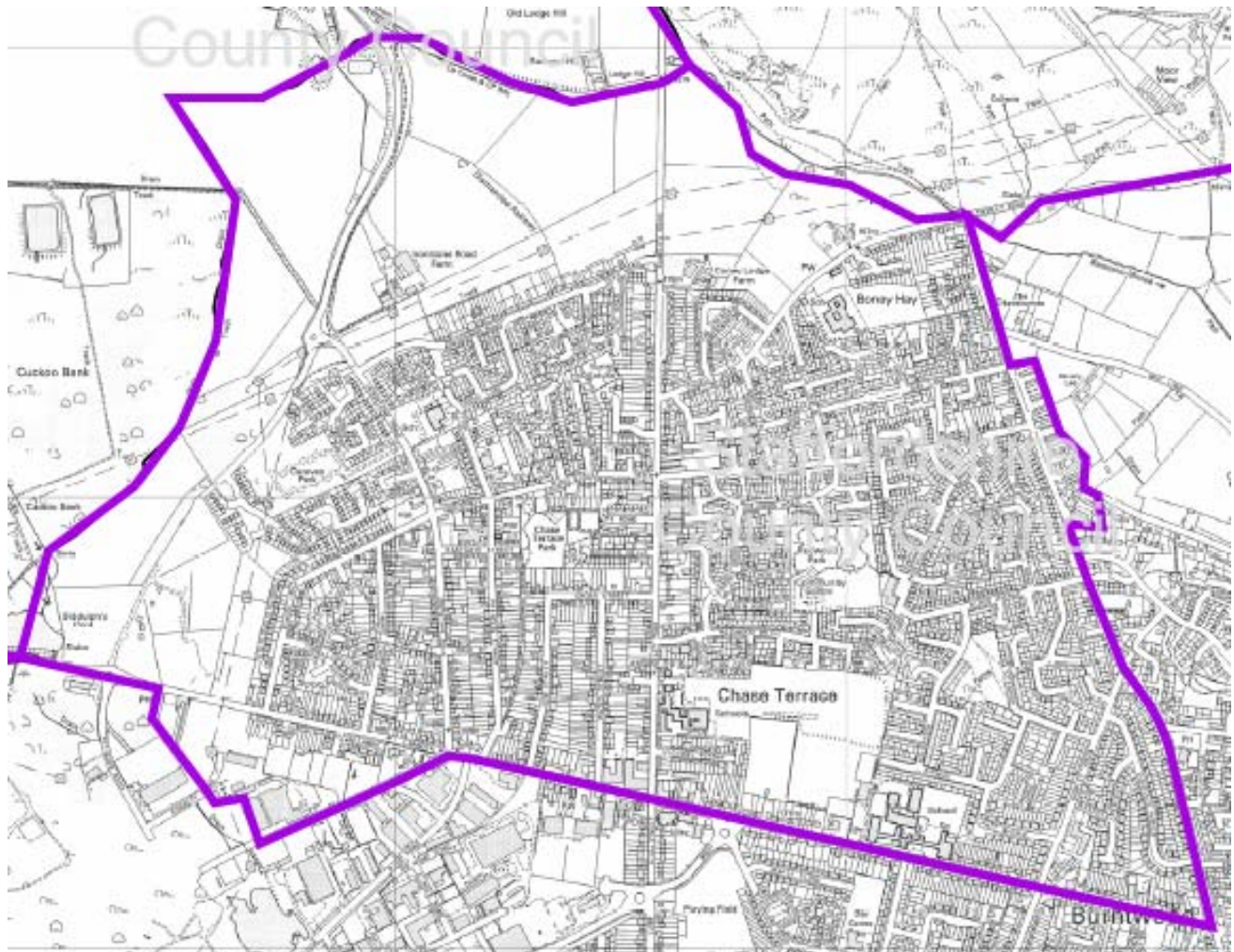


Community and Learning Partnerships

Data Profile
Lichfield L1



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Produced by Educational Research & Analysis
School Improvement Division
Staffordshire County Council

Staffordshire
County Council

2001 Census - Social Profile

Chase Terrace Technology College CLP

Population	Count	Percent	Index
Resident Population	11613		
Males	5740	49.4%	102
Females	5873	50.6%	99
People living in Households	11501	99.0%	101
People Living in Communal Establishment	112	1.0%	53

Age Profile	Count	Percent	Index
0-4	684	5.9%	99
5-14	1455	12.5%	97
15	148	1.3%	100
16-19	548	4.7%	96
20-29	1389	12.0%	94
30-44	2665	22.9%	101
45-59	2655	22.9%	121
60-74	1446	12.5%	94
75-84	466	4.0%	72
85+	157	1.4%	70

Households	Count	Percent	Index
Total Household Spaces	4721		
Occupied Household Spaces	4616	97.8%	102
Vacant Household Spaces	93	2.0%	62
Second Residences	12	0.3%	40
Average household size	2.49		106
All Single Person Households	1042	22.6%	75
All lone pensioner households	520	11.3%	99
All pensioner households	869	18.8%	79
Single Parent Households with dependent children	227	4.9%	77
Single Parent Households with non-dependent children	134	2.9%	95
All households with dependent children	1459	31.6%	107
Households with no employed adult and dependent children	142	3.1%	64
All households with 1 or more persons with Limiting Long-term Illness	1508	32.7%	97

Health and Caring	Count	Percent	Index
People not in good health	941	8.1%	90
People with a Limiting Long-term Illness	1958	16.9%	94
People of working age with Limiting Long-term Illness	945	8.1%	100
People who provide unpaid care	1273	11.0%	110
People who provide more than 50 hours of unpaid care	243	2.1%	103

Amenity	Count	Percent	Index
Overcrowded households	156	3.4%	47
No central heating	196	4.2%	50
No WC and bath/shower	11	0.2%	49

Ethnic Group	Count	Percent	Index
White	11449	98.6%	108
Mixed	55	0.5%	36
Indian	20	0.2%	8
Pakistani	9	0.1%	5
Bagladeshi	0	0.0%	0
Other Asian	6	0.1%	11
Black	24	0.2%	9
Chinese	27	0.2%	52
Other Ethnic Groups	18	0.2%	35

Religion	Count	Percent	Index
Christian	9361	80.6%	112
Buddhist	15	0.1%	46
Hindu	3	0.0%	2
Jewish	3	0.0%	5
Muslim	12	0.1%	3
Sikh	17	0.1%	22
Other Religion	3	0.0%	9
No Religion	1426	12.3%	84
Religion not Stated	767	6.6%	86

Dwelling Type	Count	Percent	Index
Detached	1574	33.4%	143
Semi-detached	2277	48.3%	147
Terraced	459	9.7%	36
Purpose built flat	268	5.7%	39
Flat in converted / shared house	29	0.6%	13
Flat in commercial building	39	0.8%	69
Caravan/Mobile home/Temporary	70	1.5%	341

Tenure	Count	Percent	Index
Owner Occupied	3819	82.7%	122
Shared Ownership	27	0.6%	89
Local Authority rented	80	1.7%	13
Housing Association / Registered Social Landlord	463	10.0%	166
Privately rented	146	3.2%	36
Other rented	85	1.8%	57

Car Ownership	Count	Percent	Index
Households with no car	711	15.4%	57
Households with 1 car	1901	41.2%	94
Households with 2 cars	1582	34.3%	145
Households with 3 or more cars	422	9.1%	155
Total number of cars in the area	6445		
Average no of cars per household	1.40		126

As a result of rounding some figures may not always equal the total for this area.

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Source: 2001 Census Key Statistics

An Index has been created to compare the above area with England. The scores for England always equals 100, therefore a score of less than 100 indicates fewer people or households in that category for the area compared with England. A score over 100 indicates more people or households in that category for the area compared with England.

Produced by Research Unit, Development Services Department, Staffordshire County Council

Further details available by telephoning 01785 277359 or email mark.sproston@staffordshire.gov.uk

2001 Census - Economic Profile

Chase Terrace Technology College CLP

Population ¹	Count	Percent	Index
All people aged 16-74	8703		
All males aged 16-74	4359	50.1%	102
All females aged 16-74	4347	49.9%	98
All people in employment	6104	70.1%	111
All males in employment	3355	77.0%	111
All females in employment	2754	63.4%	111

Economic Activity ¹	Count	Percent	Index
All people economically active	6355	73.0%	109
All people economically inactive	2348	27.0%	81

All People Economically Active

Employees - Full-time	4110	64.7%	106
Employees - Part-time	1146	18.0%	102
Self Employed	678	10.7%	86
Unemployed	232	3.7%	73
Full-time Student	189	3.0%	77

All People Economically Inactive

Retired	1046	44.5%	109
Full-time student	225	9.6%	68
Looking after family or home	488	20.8%	106
Permanently sick or disabled	420	17.9%	112
Other	169	7.2%	77

Industry of Employment ²

Industry of Employment ²	Count	Percent	Index
Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	37	0.6%	41
Mining and Quarrying	4	0.1%	27
Manufacturing	1499	24.6%	166
Electricity, gas and water supply	45	0.7%	104
Construction	579	9.5%	140
Wholesale and Retail trade	1134	18.6%	110
Hotels and Catering	216	3.5%	75
Transport, storage and communication	379	6.2%	88
Financial, Real Estate and Business Activity	676	11.1%	61
Public Administration and Defence	267	4.4%	77
Education	388	6.4%	82
Health and Social Work	639	10.5%	98
Other	241	3.9%	76

Qualifications ¹

Qualifications ¹	Count	Percent	Index
No Qualifications	2769	31.8%	110
Level 1 Qualifications	1801	20.7%	124
Level 2 Qualifications	1800	20.7%	107
Level 3 Qualifications	527	6.1%	73
Level 4 or 5 Qualifications	986	11.3%	57
Other Qualification / Level Unknown	820	9.4%	136

Unemployed ¹

Unemployed ¹	Count	Percent	Index
All unemployed	232		
Aged 16-24	50	21.6%	84
Aged 50+	54	23.3%	125
Long-term Unemployed	60	25.9%	85

Occupation Groups ²	Count	Percent	Index
Managers and Senior Officials	824	13.5%	88
Professional	432	7.1%	63
Assoc Professional and technical	744	12.2%	88
Administrative and Secretarial	749	12.3%	92
Skilled Trade	1048	17.2%	149
Personal Services	451	7.4%	107
Sales and Customer Service	436	7.1%	93
Process, plant and machine operatives	727	11.9%	141
Elementary occupations	694	11.4%	96

Socio-Economic Class ¹

Socio-Economic Class ¹	Count	Percent	Index
Large Employers and Higher Managerial	267	3.1%	88
Higher Professional	236	2.7%	53
Lower Managerial and Professional	1600	18.4%	98
Intermediate	880	10.1%	107
Small Employers and own account workers	632	7.3%	104
Lower Supervisory and Technical	939	10.8%	152
Semi-routine	1278	14.7%	126
Routine	970	11.1%	124
Never worked	88	1.0%	37
Long-term unemployed	60	0.7%	68
Full-time Student	403	4.6%	66
Not Classified	1350	15.5%	88

Hours Worked (Week) ²

Hours Worked (Week) ²	Count	Percent	Index
Males part-time < 15 hours	88	2.6%	76
Males part-time 16-30 hours	125	3.7%	60
Males full-time 31-48 hours	2243	66.9%	101
Males full-time > 49 hours	899	26.8%	111
Females part-time < 15 hours	383	13.9%	99
Females part-time 16-30 hours	807	29.3%	103
Females full-time 31-48 hours	1432	52.0%	103
Females full-time >49 hours	132	4.8%	69

Travel to Work ²

Travel to Work ²	Count	Percent	Index
Work mainly from home	459	7.5%	82
Train, Light Rail, Tram, Metro, Underground	68	1.1%	15
Bus	261	4.3%	57
Motorcycle	71	1.2%	105
Car (as driver or passenger)	4728	77.5%	127
Taxi	16	0.3%	50
Bicycle	100	1.6%	58
Walk	384	6.3%	63
Other	15	0.2%	53

Note: 1 = People aged 16-74
2 = People Aged 16-74 in employment

As a result of rounding some figures may not always equal the total for this area.

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Source: 2001 Census Key Statistics

An Index has been created to compare the above area with England. The scores for England always equals 100, therefore a score of less than 100 indicates fewer people in that category for the area compared with England. A score over 100 indicates more people in that category for the area compared with England.

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Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2007

Understanding this information

The colour shading highlights where the LSOA is in the top 10%, 20% or 30% most deprived areas in England for that measure of Deprivation.

	Top 10% deprived in England
	Top 10-20% deprived in England
	Top 20-30% deprived in England

The LSOAs are ranked here according to their overall multiple deprivation score: most deprived to least deprived. The national ranking (out of 32,482) is shown in the top table, where 1=most deprived and 32,482=least deprived. The bottom table replicates the information but putting the ranking into a percentage, so that it can be seen where the LSOA falls within the whole country. The deprivation domain titles have been abbreviated.

Ward Name	LOWERSOA	LOMD	Income	Employment	Health	Education	Housing	Crime	Living Environment
Boney Hay	E01029487	11476	9413	9127	8624	5036	26073	27500	25798
Chase Terrace	E01029494	19927	16650	16641	18071	14413	29465	20481	19393
Burntwood Central	E01029489	23966	24277	18891	18724	12230	28579	30276	24667
Burntwood Central	E01029490	24608	26384	20574	17635	13820	26432	25157	24437
Chase Terrace	E01029495	26520	23999	22998	21224	15564	26791	29691	26211
Chase Terrace	E01029493	26987	25035	23784	21973	17790	18237	31044	28681
Boney Hay	E01029486	27099	26430	20152	23080	17680	27716	29673	25278

Ward Name	LOWERSOA	LOMD	Income	Employment	Health	Education	Housing	Crime	Living Environment
Boney Hay	E01029487	35.3%	29.0%	28.1%	26.6%	15.5%	80.3%	84.7%	79.4%
Chase Terrace	E01029494	61.3%	51.3%	51.2%	55.6%	44.4%	90.7%	63.1%	59.7%
Burntwood Central	E01029489	73.8%	74.7%	58.2%	57.6%	37.7%	88.0%	93.2%	75.9%
Burntwood Central	E01029490	75.8%	81.2%	63.3%	54.3%	42.5%	81.4%	77.4%	75.2%
Chase Terrace	E01029495	81.6%	73.9%	70.8%	65.3%	47.9%	82.5%	91.4%	80.7%
Chase Terrace	E01029493	83.1%	77.1%	73.2%	67.6%	54.8%	56.1%	95.6%	88.3%
Boney Hay	E01029486	83.4%	81.4%	62.0%	71.1%	54.4%	85.3%	91.4%	77.8%

Background to the Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2007

The English Indices of Deprivation 2007 (ID 2007) are the Government's official measure of multiple deprivation at small area level. The 2007 Indices update information provided in the IMD 2004.

The IMD 2007 provides a relative ranking of areas across England according to their level of deprivation.

The Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 (IMD 2007) is based on the small area geography known as Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs). LSOAs have between 1000 and 3000 people living in them with an average population of 1500 people. In most cases, these are smaller than wards, thus allowing the identification of small pockets of deprivation.

The IMD brings together 37 different indicators which cover specific aspects or dimensions of deprivation: Income, Employment, Health and Disability, Education, Skills and Training, Barriers to Housing and Services, Living Environment and Crime. These are weighted and combined to create the overall IMD 2007.

The majority of the data underpinning the IMD 2007 represents 2005 although some data covers a number of years, for example an average of 2003-2005.

This is taken from the Guidance for Using the English Indices of Deprivation 2007 produced by Communities and Local Government:
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/communities/doc/615986>

Foundation Stage Profile Attainment

The Foundation Stage Profile allocates a point score for each child in 13 areas of learning. The results below indicate the number and percentage of children who have achieved a score of 6 or above. This threshold has been chosen as it is the expected level of attainment as stipulated by the Department for Children, Schools and Families.

	National	County	District	2005		2006		2007		CLP -	CLP -	CLP -	Trend
	2007 (%)	2007 (%)		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	National	County	District	
Personal, social and emotional development													
Dispositions and attitudes	87.0%	90.9%	90.3%	124	90.5%	134	91.2%	144	96.0%	9.0%	5.1%	5.7%	Increase
Social development	80.0%	86.4%	85.0%	115	83.9%	126	85.7%	129	86.0%	6.0%	-0.4%	1.0%	Increase
Emotional development	76.0%	84.4%	83.5%	114	83.2%	126	85.7%	122	81.3%	5.3%	-3.1%	-2.2%	
Communication, language and literacy													
Language for communication and thinking	78.0%	85.0%	85.3%	114	83.2%	118	80.3%	136	90.7%	12.7%	5.7%	5.4%	
Linking sounds and letters	65.0%	72.0%	74.6%	98	71.5%	118	80.3%	133	88.7%	23.7%	16.7%	14.1%	Increase
Reading	69.0%	78.6%	79.9%	103	75.2%	124	84.4%	139	92.7%	23.7%	14.1%	12.8%	Increase
Writing	58.0%	70.1%	71.8%	86	62.8%	102	69.4%	125	83.3%	25.3%	13.2%	11.5%	Increase
Mathematical development													
Calculating	87.0%	90.7%	91.3%	121	88.3%	135	91.8%	145	96.7%	9.7%	6.0%	5.4%	Increase
Numbers as labels and for counting	70.0%	78.6%	79.6%	104	75.9%	119	81.0%	139	92.7%	22.7%	14.1%	13.1%	Increase
Shapes, space and measures	80.0%	88.4%	87.6%	112	81.8%	124	84.4%	141	94.0%	14.0%	5.6%	6.4%	Increase
Knowledge and understanding of the world	77.0%	85.8%	86.6%	118	86.1%	125	85.0%	142	94.7%	17.7%	8.9%	8.1%	
Physical development	88.0%	92.1%	92.3%	123	89.8%	127	86.4%	139	92.7%	4.7%	0.6%	0.4%	
Creative development	78.0%	84.7%	84.2%	119	86.9%	124	84.4%	134	89.3%	11.3%	4.6%	5.1%	
78 points and 6 or above in PSE and CLL Scales	45.0%	57.5%	57.9%	73	53.3%	93	63.3%	101	67.3%	22.3%	9.8%	9.4%	Increase

Key Stage One to Four Attainment

The National Curriculum for Key Stage One through to Key Stage Four runs through Year 1 to Year 11. The expected level of attainment for Key Stage One is Level 2B or above, Key Stage Two is Level 4 or above, Key Stage 3 is Level 5 or above and at Key Stage 4 the new level of expected attainment is 5+ A*-C including GCSE English and Mathematics. The results below indicate the number and percentage of children who have achieved these thresholds. These thresholds have been chosen as it is the expected level of attainment as stipulated by the Department for Children, Schools and Families.

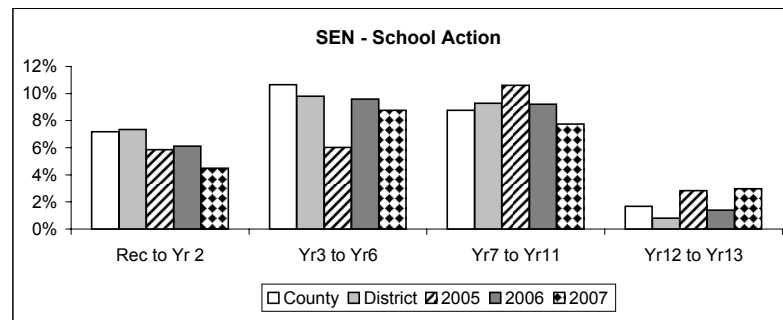
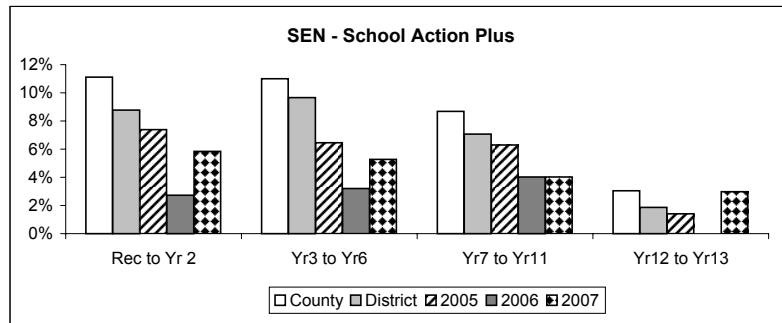
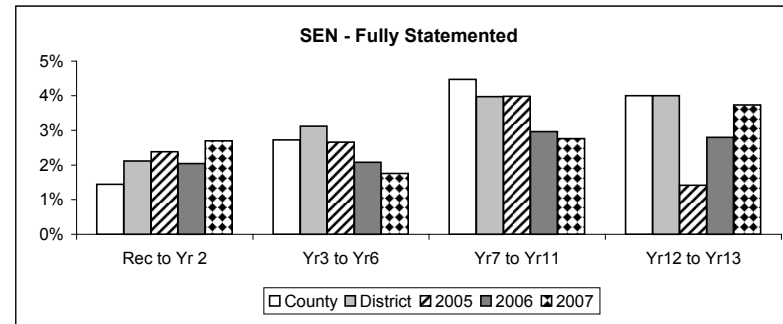
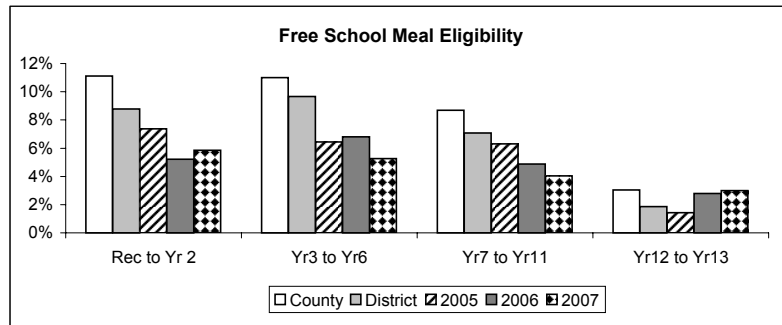
	National	County	District	2005		2006		2007		CLP -	CLP -	CLP -	Trend
	2007 (%)	2007 (%)		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	National	County	District	
KS1 Reading Level 2B+	71.0%	76.2%	74.9%	129	74.6%	118	75.2%	110	78.0%	7.0%	1.8%	3.1%	Increase
KS1 Writing Level 2B+	59.0%	65.2%	62.8%	120	69.4%	114	72.6%	96	68.1%	9.1%	2.9%	5.3%	
KS1 Mathematics Level 2B+	74.0%	78.1%	78.5%	129	74.6%	115	73.2%	116	82.3%	8.3%	4.2%	3.8%	
KS2 English Level 4+	80.0%	81.0%	82.0%	154	86.5%	145	80.6%	133	82.1%	2.1%	1.1%	0.1%	
KS2 Mathematics Level 4+	77.0%	78.0%	80.7%	147	82.6%	142	74.7%	137	85.6%	8.6%	7.6%	4.9%	
KS2 Science Level 4+	88.0%	90.0%	89.9%	165	92.7%	170	89.9%	146	90.1%	2.1%	0.1%	0.2%	
KS3 English Level 5+	74.0%	77.0%	81.3%	179	91.3%	140	78.2%	170	84.6%	10.6%	7.6%	3.3%	
KS3 Mathematics Level 5+	76.0%	78.0%	80.6%	166	84.7%	149	83.7%	175	87.1%	11.1%	9.1%	6.5%	
KS3 Science Level 5+	73.0%	75.0%	77.7%	155	79.1%	149	83.2%	164	81.6%	8.6%	6.6%	3.9%	
KS4 5 or more A*-C Grade	62.0%	60.0%	58.1%	96	51.9%	119	65.7%	124	62.9%	0.9%	2.9%	4.8%	
KS4 5 or more A*-C Grade including English & Maths	46.8%	45.8%	48.9%	73	39.5%	97	53.6%	102	51.8%	5.0%	6.0%	2.9%	
KS4 5 or more A*-G Grade	91.7%	93.2%	94.0%	179	96.8%	177	97.8%	197	100.0%	8.3%	6.8%	6.0%	Increase
KS4 2 or more A*-C Grade in Science	50.3%	49.7%	50.9%	75	40.5%	87	48.1%	86	43.7%	-6.6%	-6.0%	-7.2%	

Free School Meals and Special Educational Needs

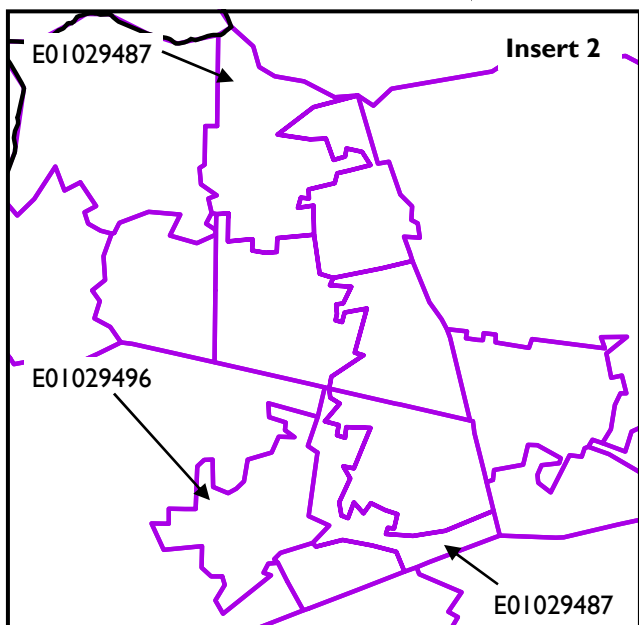
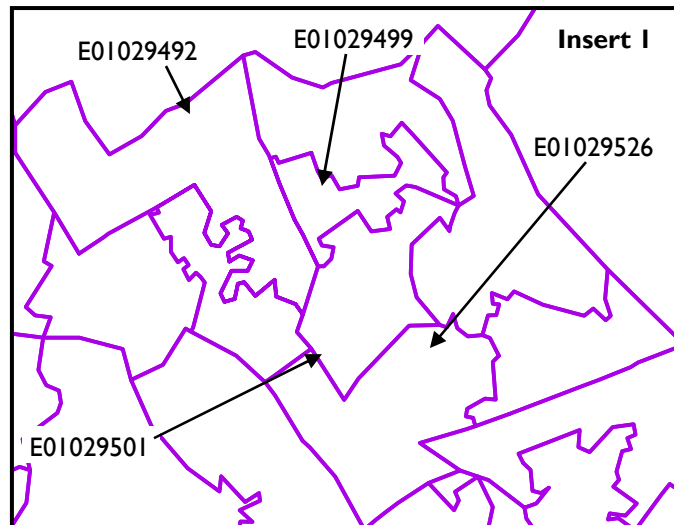
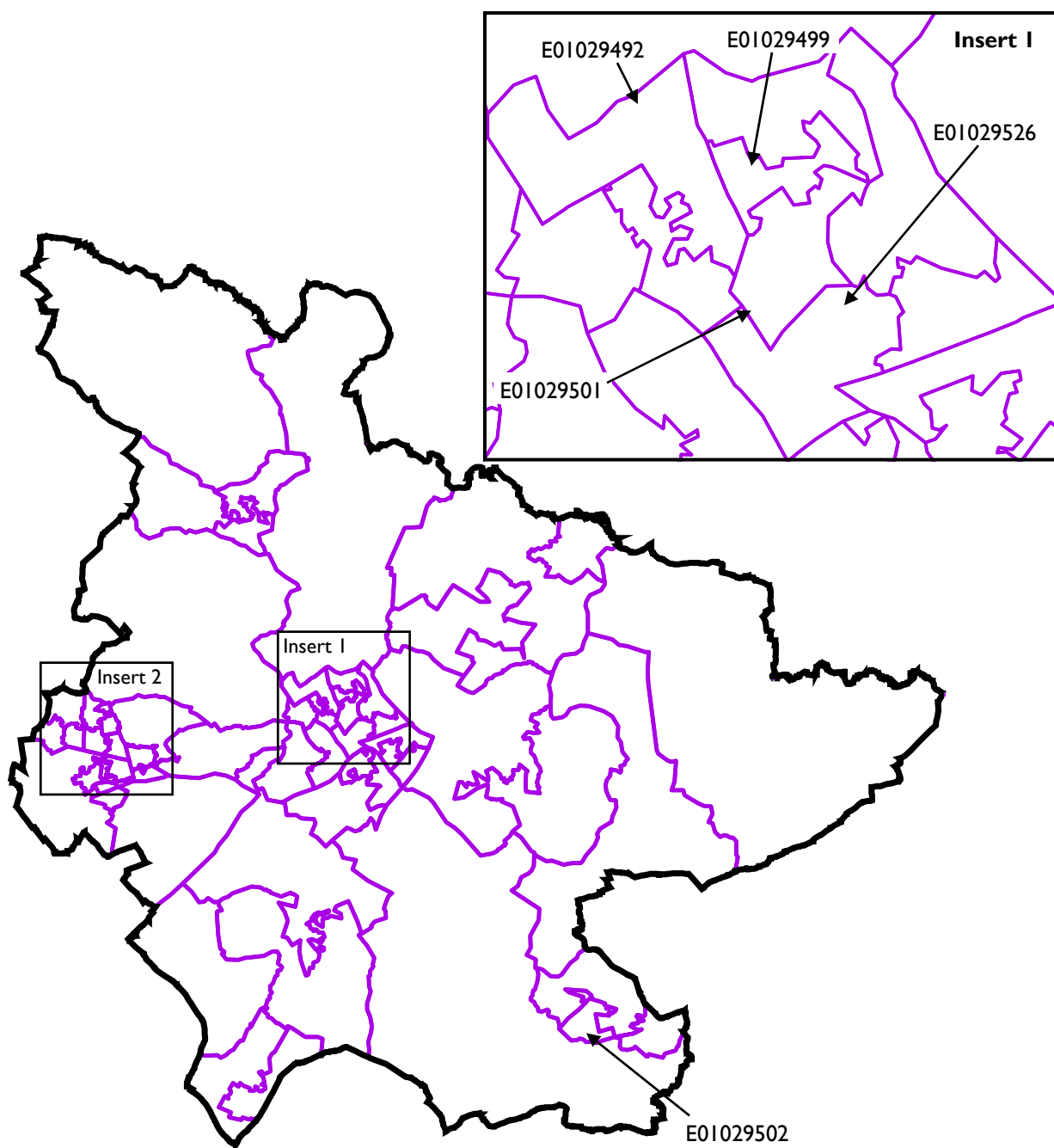
	County 2007 (%)	District 2007 (%)	2005		2006		2007		CLP - County 2007	CLP - District 2007	Trend 2005-07
			Number	%	Number	%	Number	%			
Free School Meal Eligibility											
Reception to Year 2	11.1%	8.8%	34	7.4%	23	5.2%	26	5.8%	-5.3%	-2.9%	
Year 3 to Year 6	11.0%	9.7%	46	6.5%	49	6.8%	36	5.3%	-5.7%	-4.4%	
Year 7 to Year 11	8.7%	7.1%	60	6.3%	46	4.9%	38	4.0%	-4.7%	-3.0%	Decline
Year 12 to Year 13	3.0%	1.9%	2	1.4%	4	2.8%	4	3.0%	-0.1%	1.1%	Increase
Special Educational Needs - Statemented											
Reception to Year 2	1.4%	2.1%	11	2.4%	9	2.0%	12	2.7%	1.3%	0.6%	
Year 3 to Year 6	2.7%	3.1%	19	2.7%	15	2.1%	12	1.8%	-1.0%	-1.4%	Decline
Year 7 to Year 11	4.5%	4.0%	38	4.0%	28	3.0%	26	2.8%	-1.7%	-1.2%	Decline
Year 12 to Year 13	4.0%	4.0%	2	1.4%	4	2.8%	5	3.7%	-0.3%	-0.3%	Increase
Special Educational Needs - School Action Plus											
Reception to Year 2	3.3%	1.9%	4	0.9%	12	2.7%	10	2.2%	-1.0%	0.3%	
Year 3 to Year 6	5.1%	4.2%	21	2.9%	23	3.2%	31	4.5%	-0.6%	0.3%	Increase
Year 7 to Year 11	3.9%	3.6%	39	4.1%	38	4.0%	43	4.6%	0.7%	0.9%	
Year 12 to Year 13	0.6%	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	-0.6%	0.0%	
Special Educational Needs - School Action											
Reception to Year 2	7.2%	7.3%	27	5.9%	27	6.1%	20	4.5%	-2.7%	-2.9%	
Year 3 to Year 6	10.7%	9.8%	43	6.0%	69	9.6%	60	8.8%	-1.9%	-1.0%	
Year 7 to Year 11	8.8%	9.3%	101	10.6%	87	9.2%	73	7.7%	-1.0%	-1.5%	Decline
Year 12 to Year 13	1.7%	0.8%	4	2.8%	2	1.4%	4	3.0%	1.3%	2.2%	

The key has been designed to try and help indicate areas of difference. In this section it has been agreed that a minus figure actually represents a reduction in need. The colour coding has been set at +/-5% for Free School Meals or Special Educational Need. Therefore if the Free School Meals is 5% below county it will be coloured green and if it is 5% above county it would be coloured red.

Key
 FSM 5% less than
 FSM 5% greater than



**Lower Super Output Areas (LSOA) boundary in Lichfield District
(Selected key LSOAs for deprivation labelled)**



Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) are identified by a nine-digit code.

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Produced by the Research Unit, Development Services Directorate, Staffordshire County Council, 2008.

The Staffordshire IMD 2007 Summary Card:

Lichfield District

This card presents a summary of information from the 2007 update of the national Indices of Deprivation (IMD 2007). It is an attempt to summarise, on one piece of paper, information on deprivation in the area covered by Lichfield District. The key information covered here includes the overall multiple measure of deprivation, seven different domains (types) of deprivation and two indices focusing respectively on income deprivation affecting children and older people. Ten pieces of data for each of the fifty-seven Lower Super Output Areas in Lichfield District. Over five hundred bits of information on one piece of paper.

By its very nature this document presents an overview of all deprivation in Lichfield District in 2007. Further detail on deprivation in Lichfield District can be found in the complementary, more detailed district reports available from the Staffordshire Observatory website. Also available are the equivalent documents for the other seven districts in Staffordshire and a County document. For further details go to: <http://www.staffordshirepartnership.org.uk/observatory/> or contact Rosanne Cororan on 01785 276538 or email Rosanne.cororan@staffordshire.gov.uk

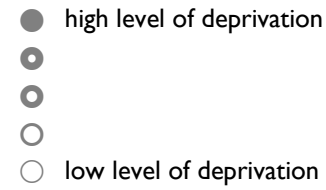
Background to the IMD 2007

- X The English Indices of Deprivation 2007 (ID 2007) are the Government's official measure of multiple deprivation at small area level. The 2007 Indices update information provided in the IMD 2004.
- X The IMD 2007 provides a relative ranking of areas across England according to their level of deprivation.
- X The Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 (IMD 2007) is based on the small area geography known as Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs). LSOAs have between 1000 and 3000 people living in them with an average population of 1500 people. In most cases, these are smaller than wards, thus allowing the identification of small pockets of deprivation.
- X The IMD brings together 37 different indicators which cover specific aspects or dimensions of deprivation: Income, Employment, Health and Disability, Education, Skills and Training, Barriers to Housing and Services, Living Environment and Crime. These are weighted and combined to create the overall IMD 2007.
- X The majority of the data underpinning the IMD 2007 represents 2005 although some data covers a number of years, for example an average of 2003-2005.

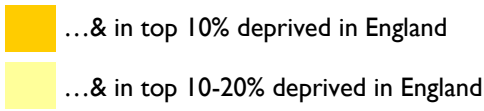
This is taken from the Guidance for Using the English Indices of Deprivation 2007 produced by Communities and Local Government:
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/communities/doc/615986>

Understanding this information graphic

The dots which make up this graphic show the level of deprivation in a Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) compared to the whole of Staffordshire County. The basic rule is; more ink = higher deprivation.



The colour shading highlights where the LSOA is in the top 10% or 20% most deprived areas in England for that measure of deprivation.



The LSOAs are ranked here according to their overall, multiple deprivation score; most deprived to least deprived. The national ranking (out of 32,482) is shown in grey italics next to the symbol (where 1=most deprived and 32,482=least deprived). The deprivation domain titles have been abbreviated.

What does this information graphic tell us about deprivation in Lichfield District?

Several general trends can be observed from this graphic of deprivation in Lichfield. Firstly, deprivation across all domains often, but by no means always, occurs in the same LSOAs. This is evident in the fact that the solid dots and coloured backgrounds cluster at the top of the list of LSOAs.

It is also evident that overall, deprivation around education and housing is relatively higher in Lichfield District than for other types of deprivation. There is one LSOA in Lichfield District which is in the 10% most deprived in England for Education, Skill and Training, (represented by this symbol: ●), and a further four within the 10% to 20% most deprived. There are also three LSOAs within the 10% most deprived in England for Barriers to Housing and Services. In contrast there are no other LSOAs in the top 10% deprived across all the other (eight) measures. Further, the domains of Income, Employment, Health and Disability, Crime and The Living Environment have very few, or no areas in Lichfield District which fall in the top 20% deprived in England.

ward name	LSOA code	multiple	IMD rank	income	employment	health	education	housing	crime	environment	children	older people
Chadsmead	E01029492	●	6,827	●	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●
Curborough	E01029499	●	7,295	●	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●
Chasetown	E01029496	●	8,253	●	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●
Fazeley	E01029502	○	11,366	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Boney Hay	E01029487	○	11,476	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Summerfield	E01029527	○	11,752	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Stowe	E01029526	○	12,047	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Curborough	E01029501	○	12,454	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Fazeley	E01029504	○	14,114	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chasetown	E01029497	○	15,732	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Summerfield	E01029528	○	16,144	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Bourne Vale	E01029488	○	17,384	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029481	○	18,718	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Summerfield	E01029529	○	18,872	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Leomansley	E01029510	○	19,099	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Mease and Tame	E01029516	○	19,187	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Stowe	E01029524	○	19,271	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Fazeley	E01029503	○	19,331	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Hammerwich	E01029505	○	19,404	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029482	○	19,450	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Shenstone	E01029522	○	19,467	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chadsmead	E01029491	○	19,606	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chase Terrace	E01029494	○	19,927	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
St John's	E01029519	○	20,366	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Colton & Mavesyn Ridware	E01029498	○	20,460	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
All Saints	E01029476	○	21,404	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Curborough	E01029500	○	23,245	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029480	○	23,651	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○

ward name	LSOA code	multiple	IMD rank	income	employment	health	education	housing	crime	environment	children	older people
Boley Park	E01029484	○	23,878	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Burntwood Central	E01029489	○	23,966	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Alrewas and Fradley	E01029479	○	24,031	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Alrewas and Fradley	E01029478	○	24,327	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Burntwood Central	E01029490	○	24,608	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Stowe	E01029525	○	24,745	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
King's Bromley	E01029509	○	24,772	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Whittington	E01029530	○	24,811	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Longdon	E01029515	○	25,198	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Highfield	E01029508	○	25,402	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Leomansley	E01029512	○	26,211	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Stonnall	E01029523	○	26,466	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chase Terrace	E01029495	○	26,520	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Hammerwich	E01029506	○	26,661	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chase Terrace	E01029493	○	26,987	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Boney Hay	E01029486	○	27,099	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Shenstone	E01029521	○	27,220	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Mease and Tame	E01029517	○	27,653	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
All Saints	E01029475	○	28,295	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Little Aston	E01029514	○	29,374	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
St John's	E01029518	○	29,550	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Little Aston	E01029513	○	29,839	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Whittington	E01029531	○	30,766	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Leomansley	E01029511	○	30,991	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Alrewas and Fradley	E01029477	○	31,565	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Highfield	E01029507	○	31,796	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Boley Park	E01029483	○	32,075	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Boley Park	E01029485	○	32,087	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
St John's	E01029520	○	32,345	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○

There are three LSOAs in the 20% most deprived in England for more than one domain. These areas are also the top three most deprived LSOAs in Lichfield District, based on the multiple score. Two of these LSOAs are located within wards in North Lichfield, and the third is within Chasetown ward. The LSOA within Chadsmead ward (the most deprived within Lichfield District) is the only area in Lichfield to fall in the 10% most deprived in England for education deprivation.

Two LSOAs are in the 20% most deprived areas in England for Income Deprivation Affecting both children and older people. These occur in Chadsmead ward and Curborough ward.

Three LSOAs located within Bourne Vale ward, Mease & Tame ward and Colton & Mavesyn Ridware ward fall into the most deprived 10% in England for the measure of housing deprivation, despite scoring fairly low for other measures of deprivation. All three of these LSOAs are located within rural wards. A further six LSOAs fall within the most deprived 20% in England for this domain, and each of these areas has no further domains within the top 20% deprived in England.

There is a cluster of LSOAs identified as experiencing high levels of deprivation across a number of domains in and around Lichfield city and also in the Burntwood area, in the south west of the district. The map on the back of this card shows the LSOA boundaries for Lichfield District and highlights some of the key LSOAs discussed here and shown in the graphic (left).

It is worth noting that some areas in Lichfield District are not in the most deprived in England but are amongst the most deprived in Staffordshire. Where this happens the symbol looks like this: ●

Interestingly, the opposite also holds true in some cases where areas are not amongst the most deprived in Staffordshire but are amongst the (20%) most deprived in England. Where this happens the symbol looks like this: ●

This demonstrates the value in using both county and national comparators.