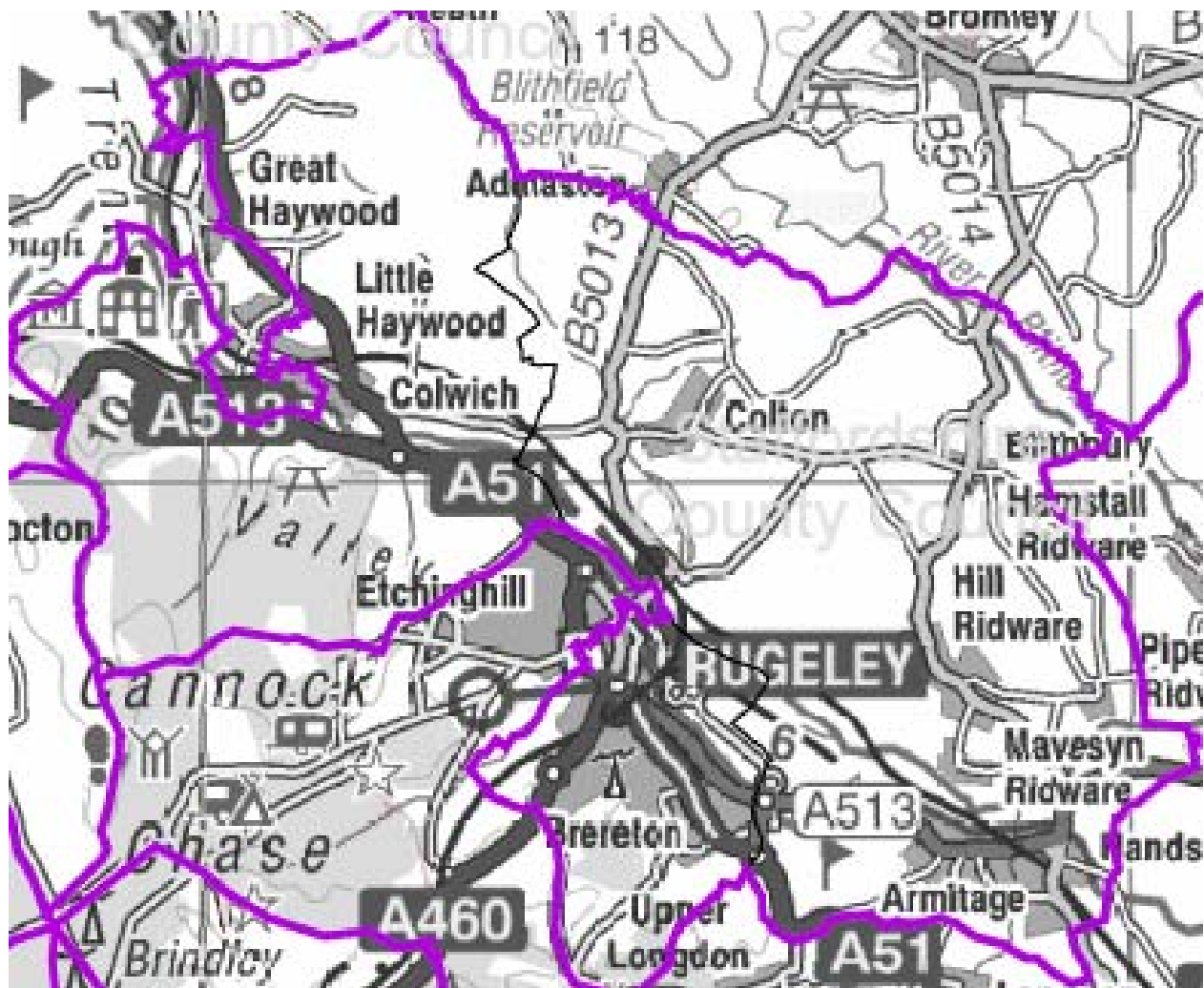


Community and Learning Partnerships

Data Profile
Cannock Chase CC6



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Produced by Educational Research & Analysis
School Improvement Division
Staffordshire County Council

Staffordshire
County Council

2001 Census - Social Profile

Hagley Park CLP

Population	Count	Percent	Index
Resident Population	19740		
Males	9753	49.4%	101
Females	9987	50.6%	99
People living in Households	19437	98.5%	100
People Living in Communal Establishment	303	1.5%	85

Age Profile	Count	Percent	Index
0-4	1242	6.3%	106
5-14	2594	13.1%	102
15	247	1.3%	99
16-19	910	4.6%	94
20-29	2131	10.8%	85
30-44	4612	23.4%	103
45-59	3907	19.8%	105
60-74	2775	14.1%	106
75-84	1025	5.2%	93
85+	298	1.5%	78

Households	Count	Percent	Index
Total Household Spaces	8244		
Occupied Household Spaces	8029	97.4%	101
Vacant Household Spaces	203	2.5%	77
Second Residences	12	0.1%	23
Average household size	2.42		103
All Single Person Households	2106	26.2%	87
All lone pensioner households	1047	13.0%	106
All pensioner households	1820	22.7%	96
Single Parent Households with dependent children	446	5.6%	87
Single Parent Households with non-dependent children	210	2.6%	86
All households with dependent children	2460	30.6%	104
Households with no employed adult and dependent children	298	3.7%	77
All households with 1 or more persons with Limiting Long-term Illness	3148	39.2%	117

Health and Caring	Count	Percent	Index
People not in good health	2191	11.1%	123
People with a Limiting Long-term Illness	4250	21.5%	120
People of working age with Limiting Long-term Illness	1911	9.7%	119
People who provide unpaid care	2236	11.3%	114
People who provide more than 50 hours of unpaid care	508	2.6%	127

Amenity	Count	Percent	Index
Overcrowded households	325	4.0%	57
No central heating	392	4.9%	57
No WC and bath/shower	22	0.3%	56

Ethnic Group	Count	Percent	Index
White	19525	98.9%	109
Mixed	82	0.4%	32
Indian	36	0.2%	9
Pakistani	11	0.1%	4
Bagladeshi	32	0.2%	29
Other Asian	0	0.0%	0
Black	32	0.2%	7
Chinese	17	0.1%	19
Other Ethnic Groups	9	0.0%	10

Religion	Count	Percent	Index
Christian	15726	79.7%	111
Buddhist	6	0.0%	11
Hindu	14	0.1%	6
Jewish	19	0.1%	18
Muslim	37	0.2%	6
Sikh	24	0.1%	18
Other Religion	33	0.2%	57
No Religion	2239	11.3%	78
Religion not Stated	1650	8.4%	109

Dwelling Type	Count	Percent	Index
Detached	2200	26.7%	114
Semi-detached	3614	43.9%	134
Terraced	1586	19.3%	72
Purpose built flat	504	6.1%	42
Flat in converted / shared house	101	1.2%	26
Flat in commercial building	108	1.3%	110
Caravan/Mobile home/Temporary	122	1.5%	341

Tenure	Count	Percent	Index
Owner Occupied	5962	74.3%	109
Shared Ownership	60	0.7%	114
Local Authority rented	697	8.7%	66
Housing Association / Registered Social Landlord	596	7.4%	123
Privately rented	554	6.9%	78
Other rented	166	2.1%	64

Car Ownership	Count	Percent	Index
Households with no car	1783	22.2%	83
Households with 1 car	3579	44.6%	102
Households with 2 cars	2093	26.1%	111
Households with 3 or more cars	574	7.1%	121
Total number of cars in the area	9673		
Average no of cars per household	1.20		109

As a result of rounding some figures may not always equal the total for this area.

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Source: 2001 Census Key Statistics

An Index has been created to compare the above area with England. The scores for England always equals 100, therefore a score of less than 100 indicates fewer people or households in that category for the area compared with England. A score over 100 indicates more people or households in that category for the area compared with England.

Produced by Research Unit, Development Services Department, Staffordshire County Council

Further details available by telephoning 01785 277359 or email mark.sproston@staffordshire.gov.uk

2001 Census - Economic Profile

Hagley Park CLP

Population ¹	Count	Percent	Index
All people aged 16-74	14335		
All males aged 16-74	7156	49.9%	101
All females aged 16-74	7180	50.1%	99
All people in employment	9231	64.4%	102
All males in employment	5071	70.9%	102
All females in employment	4149	57.8%	101

Economic Activity ¹	Count	Percent	Index
All people economically active	9664	67.4%	101
All people economically inactive	4671	32.6%	98

All People Economically Active

Employees - Full-time	6109	63.2%	104
Employees - Part-time	1790	18.5%	105
Self Employed	1123	11.6%	93
Unemployed	398	4.1%	82
Full-time Student	244	2.5%	65

All People Economically Inactive

Retired	2075	44.4%	109
Full-time student	386	8.3%	59
Looking after family or home	850	18.2%	93
Permanently sick or disabled	992	21.2%	133
Other	368	7.9%	84

Industry of Employment ²

Industry of Employment ²	Count	Percent	Index
Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	148	1.6%	109
Mining and Quarrying	24	0.3%	105
Manufacturing	2089	22.6%	153
Electricity, gas and water supply	83	0.9%	126
Construction	804	8.7%	129
Wholesale and Retail trade	1478	16.0%	95
Hotels and Catering	384	4.2%	88
Transport, storage and communication	577	6.3%	88
Financial, Real Estate and Business Activity	1331	14.4%	80
Public Administration and Defence	436	4.7%	83
Education	622	6.7%	87
Health and Social Work	873	9.5%	88
Other	382	4.1%	80

Qualifications ¹

Qualifications ¹	Count	Percent	Index
No Qualifications	5112	35.7%	124
Level 1 Qualifications	2806	19.6%	118
Level 2 Qualifications	2667	18.6%	96
Level 3 Qualifications	773	5.4%	65
Level 4 or 5 Qualifications	1841	12.8%	65
Other Qualification / Level Unknown	1136	7.9%	114

Unemployed ¹

Unemployed ¹	Count	Percent	Index
All unemployed	398		
Aged 16-24	93	23.4%	91
Aged 50+	73	18.3%	98
Long-term Unemployed	96	24.1%	80

Occupation Groups ²	Count	Percent	Index
Managers and Senior Officials	1308	14.2%	93
Professional	703	7.6%	68
Assoc Professional and technical	1066	11.5%	83
Administrative and Secretarial	962	10.4%	78
Skilled Trade	1397	15.1%	131
Personal Services	669	7.2%	105
Sales and Customer Service	572	6.2%	81
Process, plant and machine operatives	1238	13.4%	159
Elementary occupations	1311	14.2%	120

Socio-Economic Class ¹

Socio-Economic Class ¹	Count	Percent	Index
Large Employers and Higher Managerial	467	3.3%	93
Higher Professional	398	2.8%	54
Lower Managerial and Professional	2376	16.6%	88
Intermediate	1063	7.4%	78
Small Employers and own account workers	1034	7.2%	103
Lower Supervisory and Technical	1361	9.5%	134
Semi-routine	2023	14.1%	121
Routine	1955	13.6%	151
Never worked	219	1.5%	56
Long-term unemployed	96	0.7%	66
Full-time Student	619	4.3%	61
Not Classified	2724	19.0%	108

Hours Worked (Week) ²

Hours Worked (Week) ²	Count	Percent	Index
Males part-time < 15 hours	100	2.0%	57
Males part-time 16-30 hours	227	4.5%	73
Males full-time 31-48 hours	3401	67.1%	101
Males full-time > 49 hours	1343	26.5%	109
Females part-time < 15 hours	540	13.0%	93
Females part-time 16-30 hours	1295	31.2%	110
Females full-time 31-48 hours	2052	49.5%	98
Females full-time >49 hours	262	6.3%	91

Travel to Work ²

Travel to Work ²	Count	Percent	Index
Work mainly from home	849	9.2%	100
Train, Light Rail, Tram, Metro, Underground	119	1.3%	17
Bus	304	3.3%	44
Motorcycle	126	1.4%	123
Car (as driver or passenger)	6669	72.2%	118
Taxi	42	0.5%	88
Bicycle	154	1.7%	59
Walk	920	10.0%	100
Other	39	0.4%	91

Note: 1 = People aged 16-74
2 = People Aged 16-74 in employment

As a result of rounding some figures may not always equal the total for this area.

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Source: 2001 Census Key Statistics

An Index has been created to compare the above area with England. The scores for England always equals 100, therefore a score of less than 100 indicates fewer people in that category for the area compared with England. A score over 100 indicates more people in that category for the area compared with England.

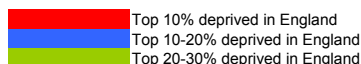
Produced by Research Unit, Development Services Department, Staffordshire County Council

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Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2007

Understanding this information

The colour shading highlights where the LSOA is in the top 10%, 20% or 30% most deprived areas in England for that measure of Deprivation.



The LSOAs are ranked here according to their overall multiple deprivation score: most deprived to least deprived. The national ranking (out of 32,482) is shown in the top table, where 1=most deprived and 32,482=least deprived. The bottom table replicates the information but putting the ranking into a percentage, so that it can be seen where the LSOA falls within the whole country. The deprivation domain titles have been abbreviated.

Ward Name	LOWERSOA	IMD	Income	Employment	Health	Education	Housing	Crime	Living Environment
Brereton and Ravenhill	E01029346	6203	4915	5242	4679	2466	14461	19969	23444
Hagley	E01029373	8523	11859	9081	5993	3027	17794	7749	16595
Western Springs	E01029404	11216	11733	9930	8840	9890	21748	7855	16045
Brereton and Ravenhill	E01029345	12664	14295	13614	8847	6873	13313	16725	17903
Hagley	E01029374	14125	18313	11096	9866	5611	20811	22215	22679
Brereton and Ravenhill	E01029348	14222	14683	11689	12308	6726	23625	15266	26104
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029481	18718	16937	15711	11583	16054	23010	30078	17578
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029482	19450	16792	13392	15774	15934	20652	29462	26829
Colton and Mavesyn Ridware	E01029498	20460	22712	22281	20244	19625	2954	29990	19565
Brereton and Ravenhill	E01029347	22237	24880	15231	17441	12028	27936	27301	26453
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029480	23651	24249	18718	18077	15645	17117	28556	29542
Stonefield and Christchurch	E01029744	26213	26508	27498	21564	28469	11069	22846	15112
Haywood	E01029711	26720	28698	25021	25895	27335	6098	22213	28365

Ward Name	LOWERSOA	IMD	Income	Employment	Health	Education	Housing	Crime	Living Environment
Brereton and Ravenhill	E01029346	19.1%	15.1%	16.1%	14.4%	7.6%	44.5%	61.5%	72.2%
Hagley	E01029373	26.2%	36.5%	28.0%	18.5%	9.3%	54.8%	23.9%	51.1%
Western Springs	E01029404	34.5%	36.1%	30.6%	27.2%	30.4%	67.0%	24.2%	49.4%
Brereton and Ravenhill	E01029345	39.0%	44.0%	41.9%	27.2%	21.2%	41.0%	51.5%	55.1%
Hagley	E01029374	43.5%	56.4%	34.2%	30.4%	17.3%	64.1%	68.4%	69.8%
Brereton and Ravenhill	E01029348	43.8%	45.2%	36.0%	37.9%	20.7%	72.7%	47.0%	80.4%
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029481	57.6%	52.1%	48.4%	35.7%	49.4%	70.8%	92.6%	54.1%
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029482	59.9%	51.7%	41.2%	48.6%	49.1%	63.6%	90.7%	82.6%
Colton and Mavesyn Ridware	E01029498	63.0%	69.9%	68.6%	62.3%	60.4%	9.1%	92.3%	60.2%
Brereton and Ravenhill	E01029347	68.5%	76.6%	46.9%	53.7%	37.0%	86.0%	84.0%	81.4%
Armitage with Handsacre	E01029480	72.8%	74.7%	57.6%	55.7%	48.2%	52.7%	87.9%	90.9%
Stonefield and Christchurch	E01029744	80.7%	81.6%	84.7%	66.4%	87.6%	34.1%	70.3%	46.5%
Haywood	E01029711	82.3%	88.4%	77.0%	79.7%	84.2%	18.8%	68.4%	87.3%

Background to the Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2007

The English Indices of Deprivation 2007 (ID 2007) are the Government's official measure of multiple deprivation at small area level. The 2007 Indices update information provided in the IMD 2004.

The IMD 2007 provides a relative ranking of areas across England according to their level of deprivation.

The Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 (IMD 2007) is based on the small area geography known as Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs). LSOAs have between 1000 and 3000 people living in them with an average population of 1500 people. In most cases, these are smaller than wards, thus allowing the identification of small pockets of deprivation.

The IMD brings together 37 different indicators which cover specific aspects or dimensions of deprivation: Income, Employment, Health and Disability, Education, Skills and Training, Barriers to Housing and Services, Living Environment and Crime. These are weighted and combined to create the overall IMD 2007.

The majority of the data underpinning the IMD 2007 represents 2005 although some data covers a number of years, for example an average of 2003-2005.

This is taken from the Guidance for Using the English Indices of Deprivation 2007 produced by Communities and Local Government:
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/communities/doc/615986>

Foundation Stage Profile Attainment

The Foundation Stage Profile allocates a point score for each child in 13 areas of learning. The results below indicate the number and percentage of children who have achieved a score of 6 or above. This threshold has been chosen as it is the expected level of attainment as stipulated by the Department for Children, Schools and Families.

	National	County	District	2005		2006		2007		CLP -	CLP -	CLP -	Trend
	2007 (%)	2007 (%)		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	National	County	District	
Personal, social and emotional development													
Dispositions and attitudes	87.0%	90.9%	88.1%	226	95.8%	213	91.8%	187	87.8%	0.8%	-3.1%	-0.3%	Decline
Social development	80.0%	86.4%	82.2%	198	83.9%	185	79.7%	177	83.1%	3.1%	-3.3%	0.9%	
Emotional development	76.0%	84.4%	80.5%	213	90.3%	183	78.9%	160	75.1%	-0.9%	-9.3%	-5.4%	Decline
Communication, language and literacy													
Language for communication and thinking	78.0%	85.0%	82.9%	210	89.0%	189	81.5%	162	76.1%	-1.9%	-8.9%	-6.8%	Decline
Linking sounds and letters	65.0%	72.0%	68.8%	174	73.7%	159	68.5%	145	68.1%	3.1%	-3.9%	-0.7%	Decline
Reading	69.0%	78.6%	77.3%	202	85.6%	182	78.4%	165	77.5%	8.5%	-1.1%	0.2%	Decline
Writing	58.0%	70.1%	65.4%	159	67.4%	152	65.5%	131	61.5%	3.5%	-8.6%	-3.9%	Decline
Mathematical development													
Calculating	87.0%	90.7%	91.3%	217	91.9%	207	89.2%	192	90.1%	3.1%	-0.6%	-1.2%	
Numbers as labels and for counting	70.0%	78.6%	74.5%	218	92.4%	181	78.0%	144	67.6%	-2.4%	-11.0%	-6.9%	Decline
Shapes, space and measures	80.0%	88.4%	87.3%	222	94.1%	206	88.8%	179	84.0%	4.0%	-4.4%	-3.3%	Decline
Knowledge and understanding of the world	77.0%	85.8%	84.1%	215	91.1%	199	85.8%	175	82.2%	5.2%	-3.6%	-1.9%	Decline
Physical development	88.0%	92.1%	91.7%	226	95.8%	212	91.4%	194	91.1%	3.1%	-1.0%	-0.6%	Decline
Creative development	78.0%	84.7%	82.0%	213	90.3%	190	81.9%	161	75.6%	-2.4%	-9.1%	-6.4%	Decline
78 points and 6 or above in PSE and CLL Scales	45.0%	57.5%	53.5%	123	52.1%	125	53.9%	103	48.4%	3.4%	-9.1%	-5.1%	

Key Stage One to Four Attainment

The National Curriculum for Key Stage One through to Key Stage Four runs through Year 1 to Year 11. The expected level of attainment for Key Stage One is Level 2B or above, Key Stage Two is Level 4 or above, Key Stage 3 is Level 5 or above and at Key Stage 4 the new level of expected attainment is 5+ A*-C including GCSE English and Mathematics. The results below indicate the number and percentage of children who have achieved these thresholds. These thresholds have been chosen as it is the expected level of attainment as stipulated by the Department for Children, Schools and Families.

	National	County	District	2005		2006		2007		CLP -	CLP -	CLP -	Trend
	2007 (%)	2007 (%)		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	National	County	District	
KS1 Reading Level 2B+	71.0%	76.2%	73.1%	178	71.8%	191	72.6%	176	73.9%	2.9%	-2.3%	0.8%	Increase
KS1 Writing Level 2B+	59.0%	65.2%	60.7%	153	61.7%	164	62.4%	153	64.3%	5.3%	-0.9%	3.6%	Increase
KS1 Mathematics Level 2B+	74.0%	78.1%	76.6%	188	75.8%	195	74.1%	180	75.6%	1.6%	-2.5%	-1.0%	
KS2 English Level 4+	80.0%	81.0%	75.5%	202	72.9%	213	85.2%	214	85.6%	5.6%	4.6%	10.1%	Increase
KS2 Mathematics Level 4+	77.0%	78.0%	78.0%	201	72.6%	201	80.4%	202	80.8%	3.8%	2.8%	2.8%	Increase
KS2 Science Level 4+	88.0%	90.0%	88.7%	231	83.4%	229	91.6%	235	94.0%	6.0%	4.0%	5.3%	Increase
KS3 English Level 5+	74.0%	77.0%	75.9%	210	76.9%	204	69.2%	222	82.8%	8.8%	5.8%	6.9%	
KS3 Mathematics Level 5+	76.0%	78.0%	74.3%	207	76.1%	214	72.1%	214	79.9%	3.9%	1.9%	5.6%	
KS3 Science Level 5+	73.0%	75.0%	72.4%	203	75.2%	209	70.6%	226	84.3%	11.3%	9.3%	11.9%	
KS4 5 or more A*-C Grade	62.0%	60.0%	55.8%	135	51.3%	171	59.2%	144	54.1%	-7.9%	-5.9%	-1.7%	
KS4 5 or more A*-C Grade including English & Maths	46.8%	45.8%	37.2%	86	32.7%	99	34.3%	112	42.1%	-4.7%	-3.7%	4.9%	Increase
KS4 5 or more A*-G Grade	91.7%	93.2%	92.4%	236	89.7%	268	92.7%	266	100.0%	8.3%	6.8%	7.6%	Increase
KS4 2 or more A*-C Grade in Science	50.3%	49.7%	45.8%	101	38.4%	131	45.3%	123	46.2%	-4.1%	-3.5%	0.4%	Increase

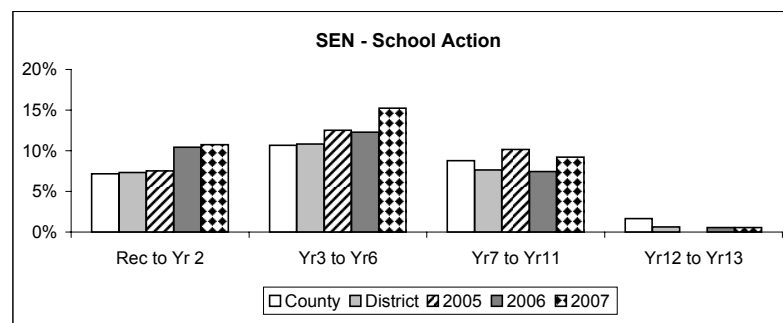
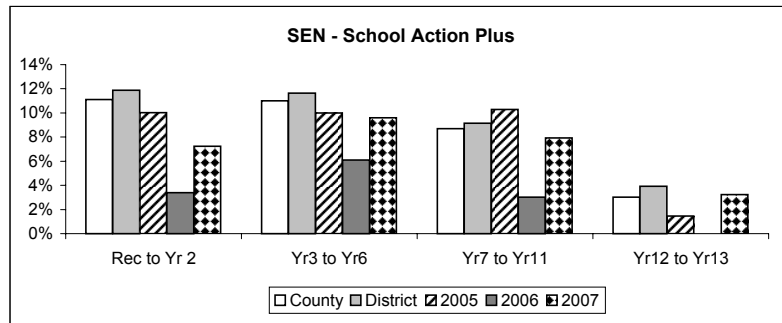
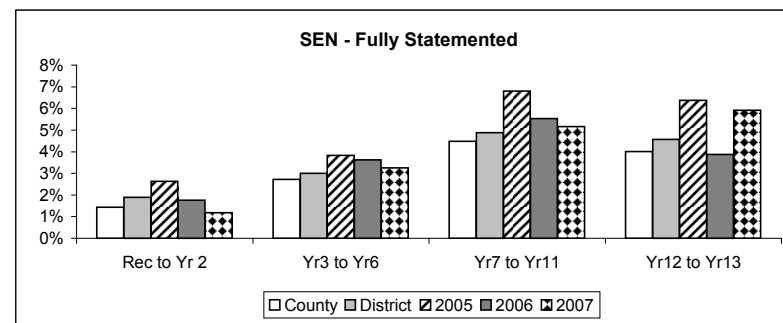
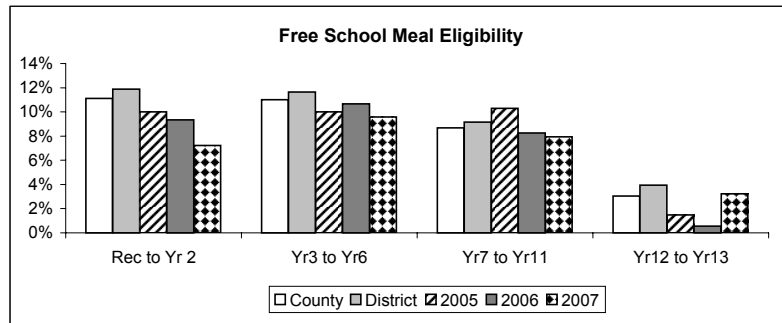
Source: Educational Research Analysis.

Free School Meals and Special Educational Needs

	County 2007 (%)	District 2007 (%)	2005		2006		2007		CLP - County 2007	CLP - District 2007	Trend 2005-07
			Number	%	Number	%	Number	%			
Free School Meal Eligibility											
Reception to Year 2	11.1%	11.9%	76	10.0%	69	9.3%	49	7.2%	-3.9%	-4.7%	Decline
Year 3 to Year 6	11.0%	11.6%	107	10.0%	112	10.7%	100	9.6%	-1.4%	-2.1%	Decline
Year 7 to Year 11	8.7%	9.1%	144	10.3%	115	8.2%	106	7.9%	-0.8%	-1.2%	Decline
Year 12 to Year 13	3.0%	3.9%	3	1.5%	1	0.6%	6	3.2%	0.2%	-0.7%	
Special Educational Needs - Statemented											
Reception to Year 2	1.4%	1.9%	20	2.6%	13	1.8%	8	1.2%	-0.3%	-0.7%	Decline
Year 3 to Year 6	2.7%	3.0%	41	3.8%	38	3.6%	34	3.3%	0.5%	0.3%	Decline
Year 7 to Year 11	4.5%	4.9%	95	6.8%	77	5.5%	69	5.2%	0.7%	0.3%	Decline
Year 12 to Year 13	4.0%	4.6%	13	6.4%	7	3.9%	11	5.9%	1.9%	1.3%	
Special Educational Needs - School Action Plus											
Reception to Year 2	3.3%	3.7%	17	2.2%	25	3.4%	21	3.1%	-0.2%	-0.6%	
Year 3 to Year 6	5.1%	6.9%	55	5.1%	64	6.1%	83	8.0%	2.8%	1.0%	Increase
Year 7 to Year 11	3.9%	3.8%	17	1.2%	42	3.0%	43	3.2%	-0.7%	-0.6%	Increase
Year 12 to Year 13	0.6%	0.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.5%	0.0%	0.3%	
Special Educational Needs - School Action											
Reception to Year 2	7.2%	7.3%	57	7.5%	77	10.4%	73	10.8%	3.6%	3.4%	Increase
Year 3 to Year 6	10.7%	10.8%	134	12.5%	129	12.3%	159	15.2%	4.6%	4.4%	
Year 7 to Year 11	8.8%	7.6%	142	10.2%	104	7.5%	123	9.2%	0.4%	1.6%	
Year 12 to Year 13	1.7%	0.6%	0	0.0%	1	0.6%	1	0.5%	-1.1%	-0.1%	

The key has been designed to try and help indicate areas of difference. In this section it has been agreed that a minus figure actually represents a reduction in need. The colour coding has been set at +/-5% for Free School Meals or Special Educational Need. Therefore if the Free School Meals is 5% below county it will be coloured green and if it is 5% above county it would be coloured red.

Key
 FSM 5% less than
 FSM 5% greater than



The Staffordshire IMD 2007 Summary Card:

Cannock Chase

This card presents a summary of information from the 2007 update of the national Indices of Deprivation (IMD 2007). It is an attempt to summarise, on one piece of paper, information on deprivation in the area covered by Cannock Chase District. The key information covered here includes the overall multiple measure of deprivation, seven different domains (types) of deprivation and two indices focusing respectively on income deprivation affecting children and older people. Ten pieces of data for each of the sixty Lower Super Output Areas in Cannock Chase District. Six hundred bits of information on one piece of paper.

By its very nature this document presents an overview of all deprivation in Cannock Chase in 2007. Further detail on deprivation in Cannock Chase District can be found in the complementary, more detailed district reports available from the Staffordshire Observatory website. Also available are the equivalent documents for the other seven districts in Staffordshire and a County document. For further details go to: <http://www.staffordshirepartnership.org.uk/observatory/> or contact Rosanne Cororan on 01785 276538 or email Rosanne.cororan@staffordshire.gov.uk.

Background to the IMD 2007

- The English Indices of Deprivation 2007 (ID 2007) are the Government's official measure of multiple deprivation at small area level. The 2007 Indices update information provided in the IMD 2004.
- The IMD 2007 provides a relative ranking of areas across England according to their level of deprivation.
- The Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 (IMD 2007) is based on the small area geography known as Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs). LSOAs have between 1000 and 3000 people living in them with an average population of 1500 people. In most cases, these are smaller than wards, thus allowing the identification of small pockets of deprivation.
- The IMD brings together 37 different indicators which cover specific aspects or dimensions of deprivation: Income, Employment, Health and Disability, Education, Skills and Training, Barriers to Housing and Services, Living Environment and Crime. These are weighted and combined to create the overall IMD 2007.
- The majority of the data underpinning the IMD 2007 represents 2005 although some data covers a number of years, for example an average of 2003-2005.

This is taken from the Guidance for Using the English Indices of Deprivation 2007 produced by Communities and Local Government:
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/communities/doc/615986>



